

Precomputing Multi-Agent Path Replanning Using Temporal Flexibility

Introducing FlexSIPP

Issa Hanou, Eric Kemmeren, Devin Thomas and Mathijs de Weerd

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SoCS'26

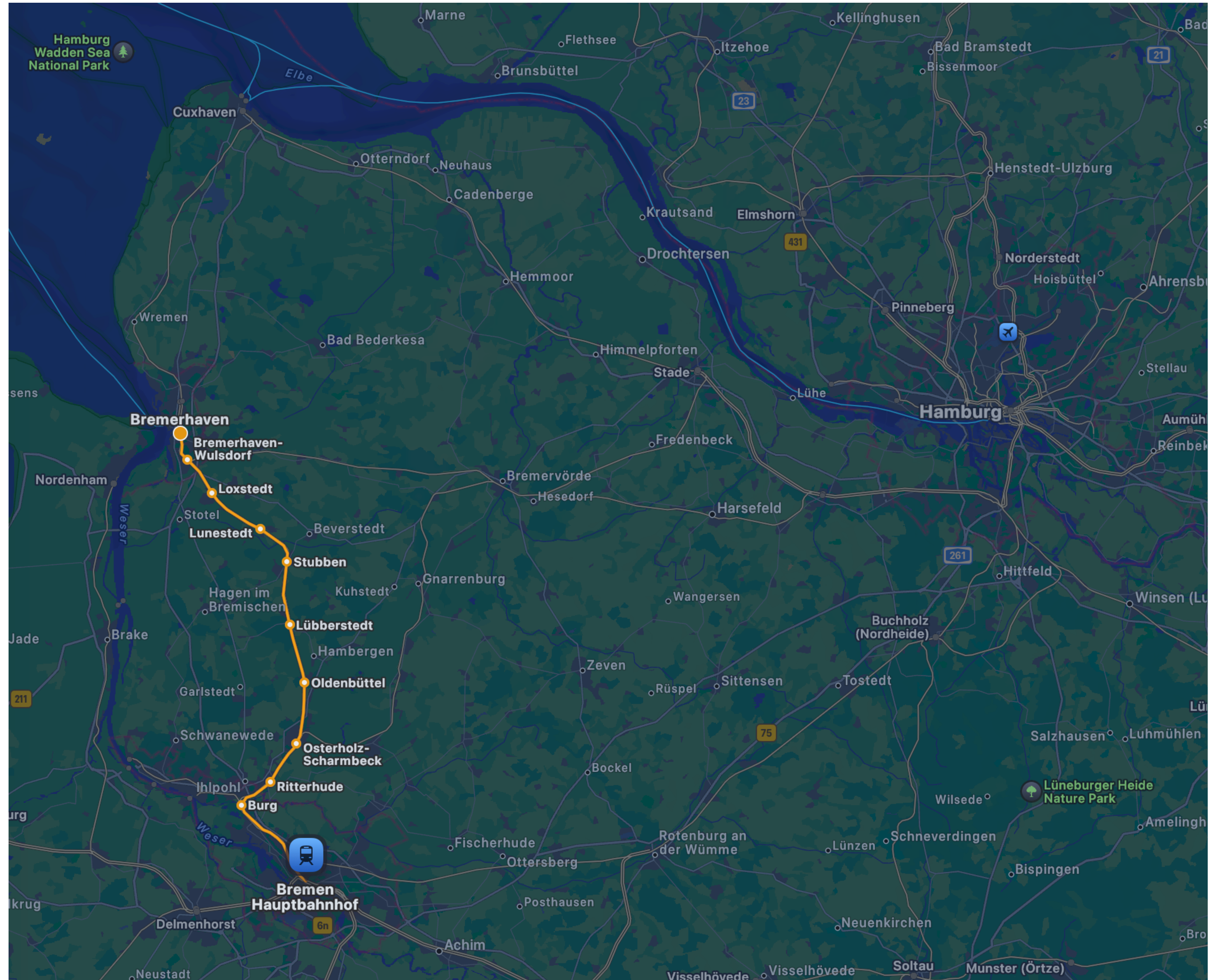
ProRail



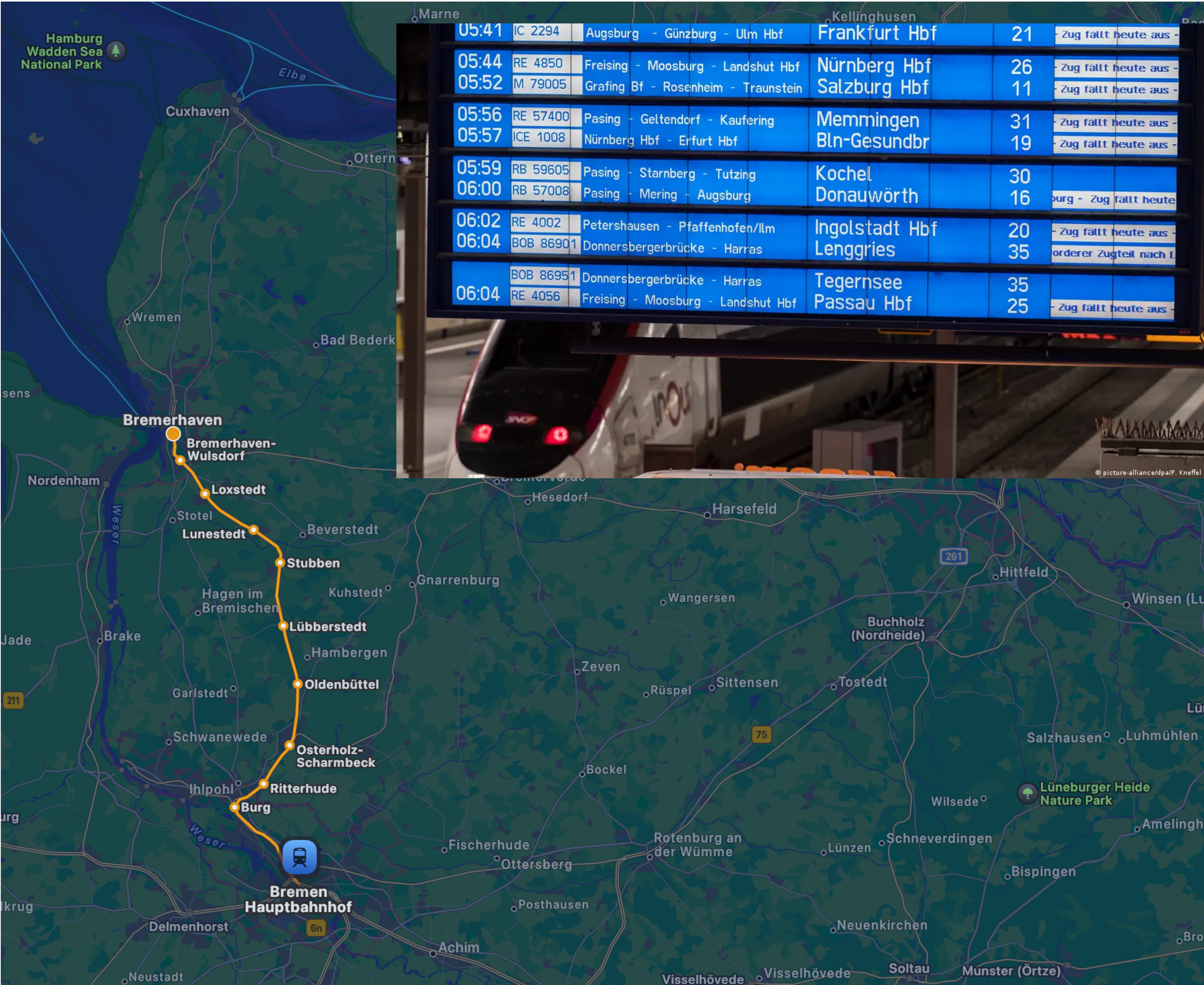
University of
New Hampshire

 **TU Delft**

Motivation



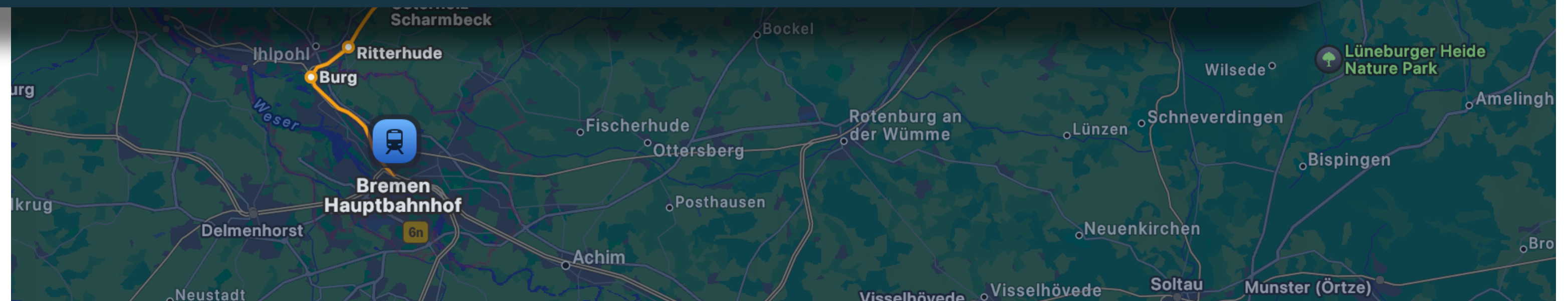
Motivation



Motivation



Our method can instantly recover from a single delayed train



Overview

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Recover instantly from single-agent delay in multi-agent execution

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Recover instantly from single-agent delay in multi-agent execution

- Don't affect other agents [Hanou & Wild, et al. 2024]

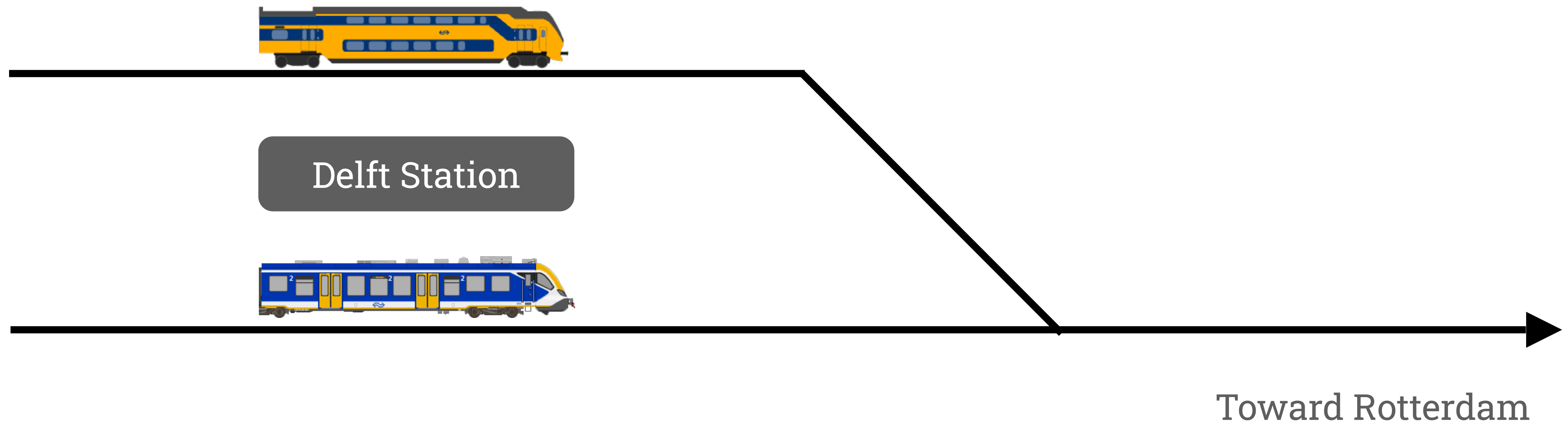
Overview

Recover instantly from single-agent delay in multi-agent execution

- Don't affect other agents [Hanou & Wild, et al. 2024]
- Today: delay other agents, safely

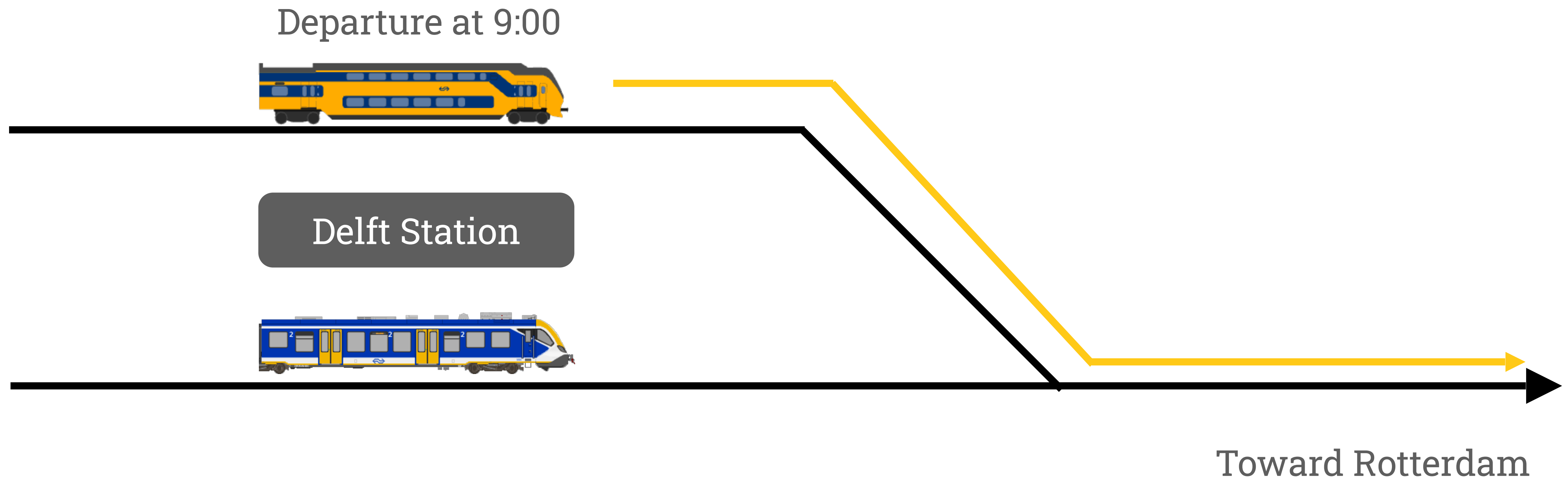
Multi-Agent Execution Delay Replanning (MAEDeR)

Single delayed agent in multi-agent setting



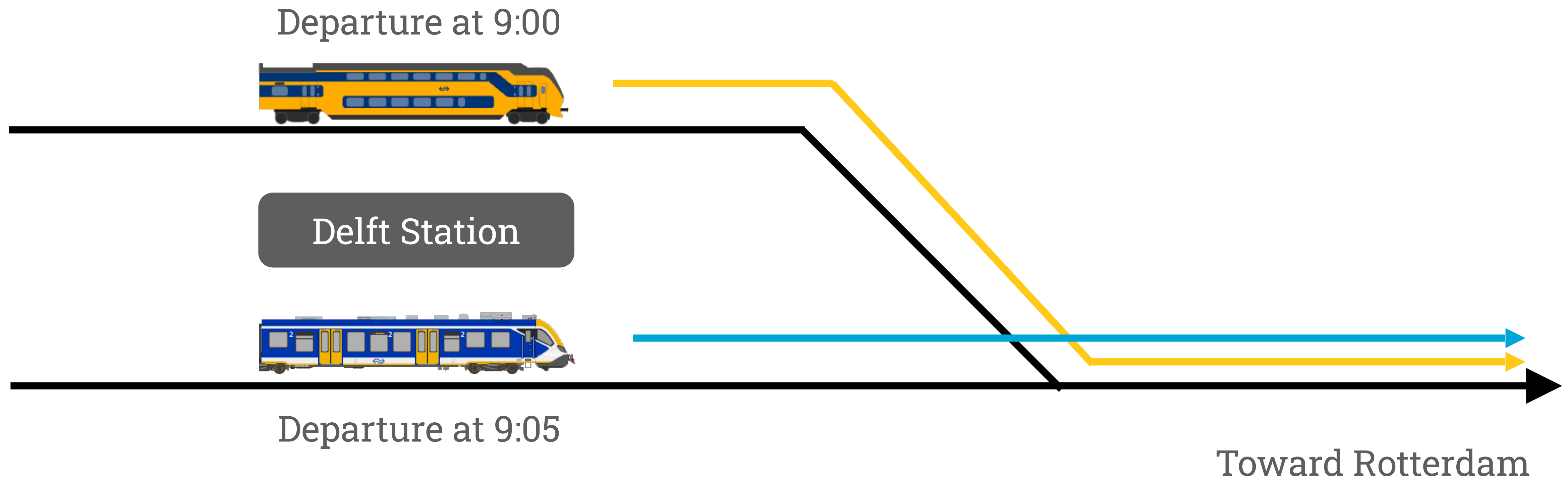
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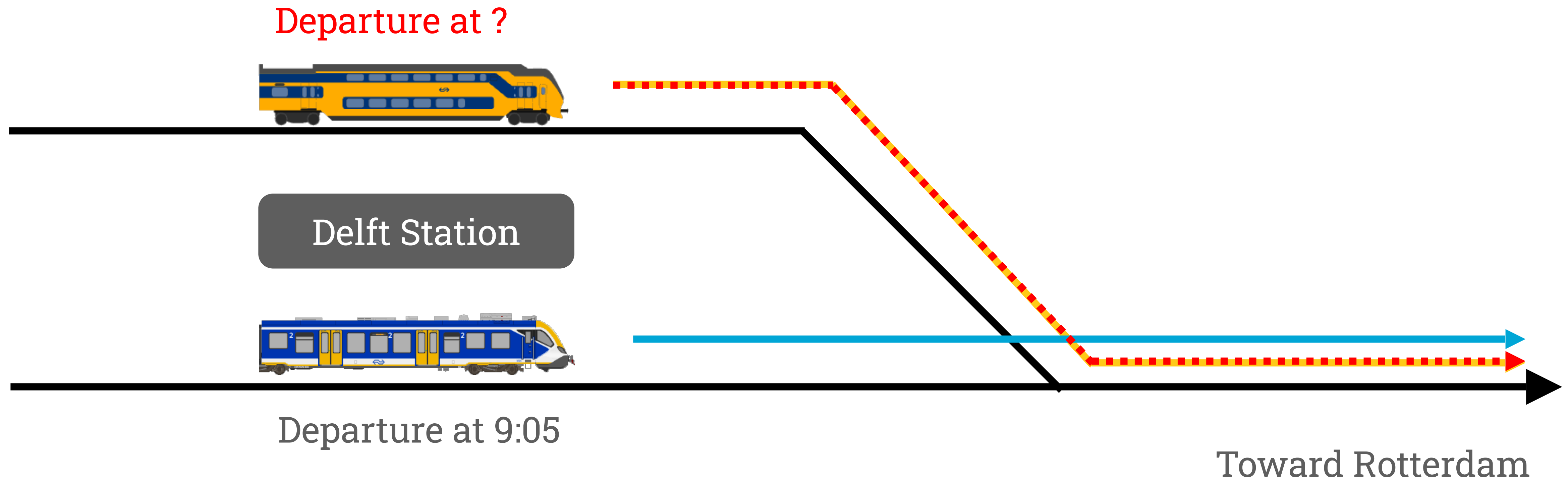
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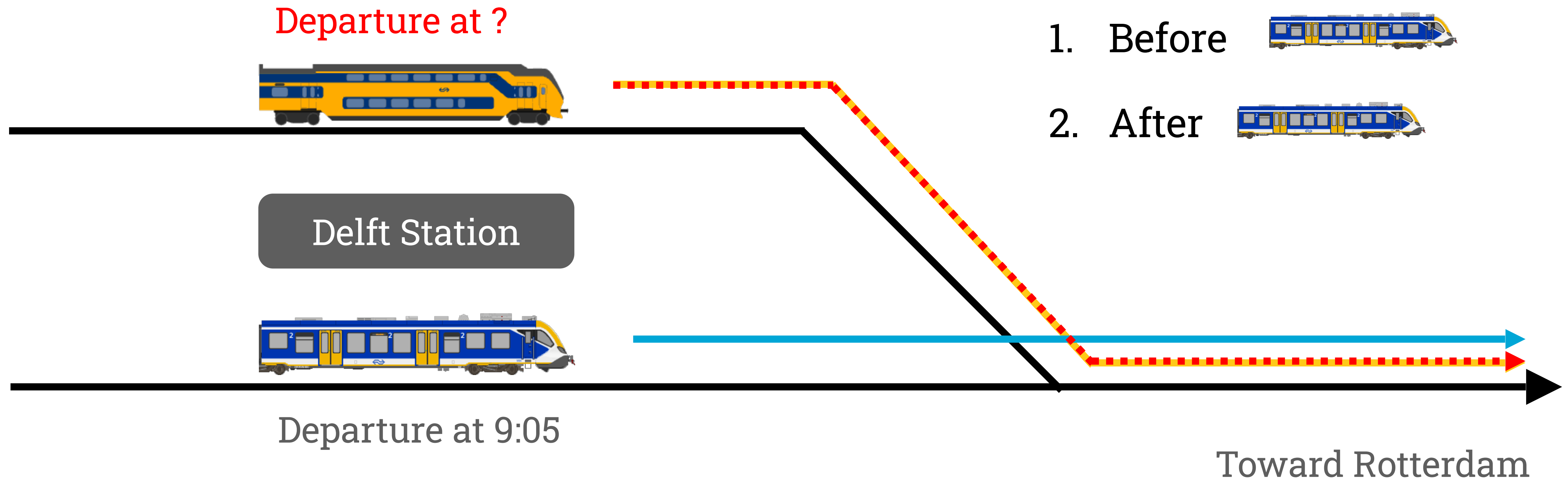
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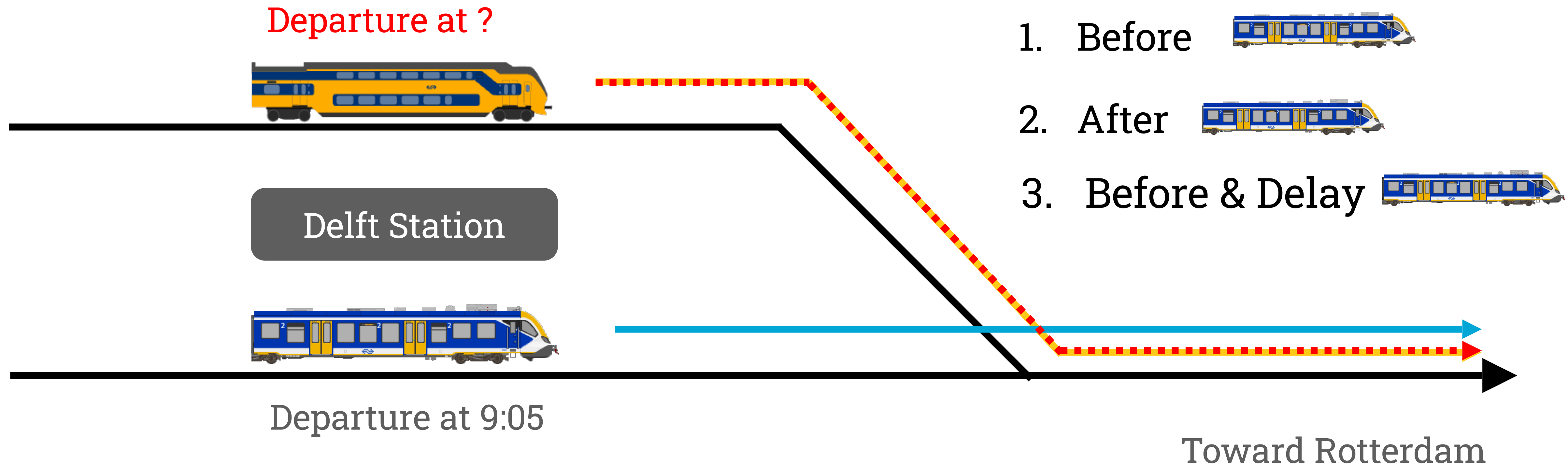
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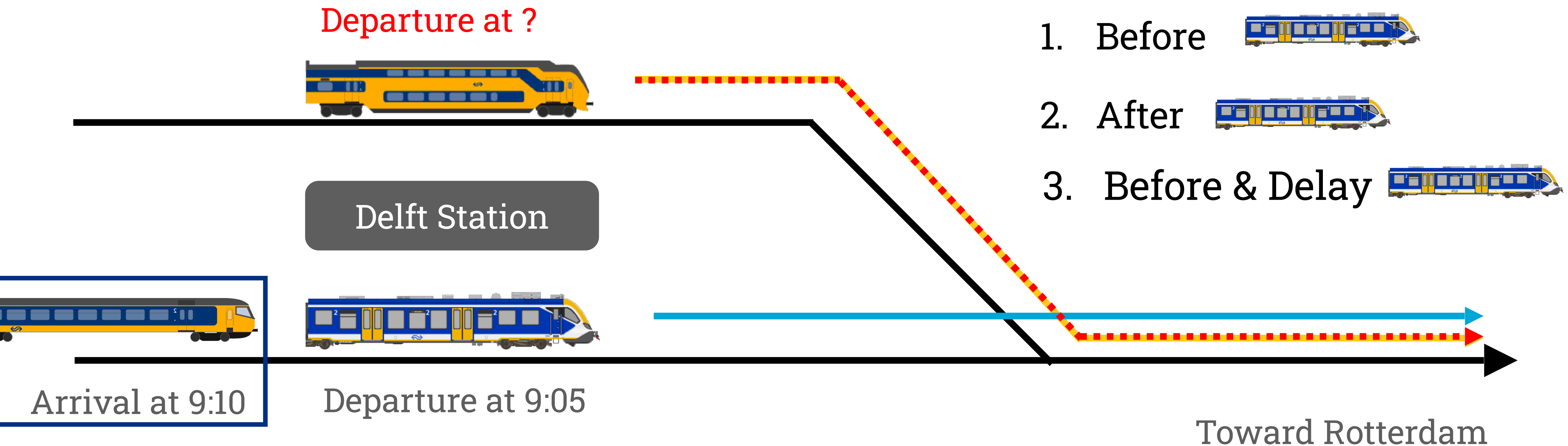
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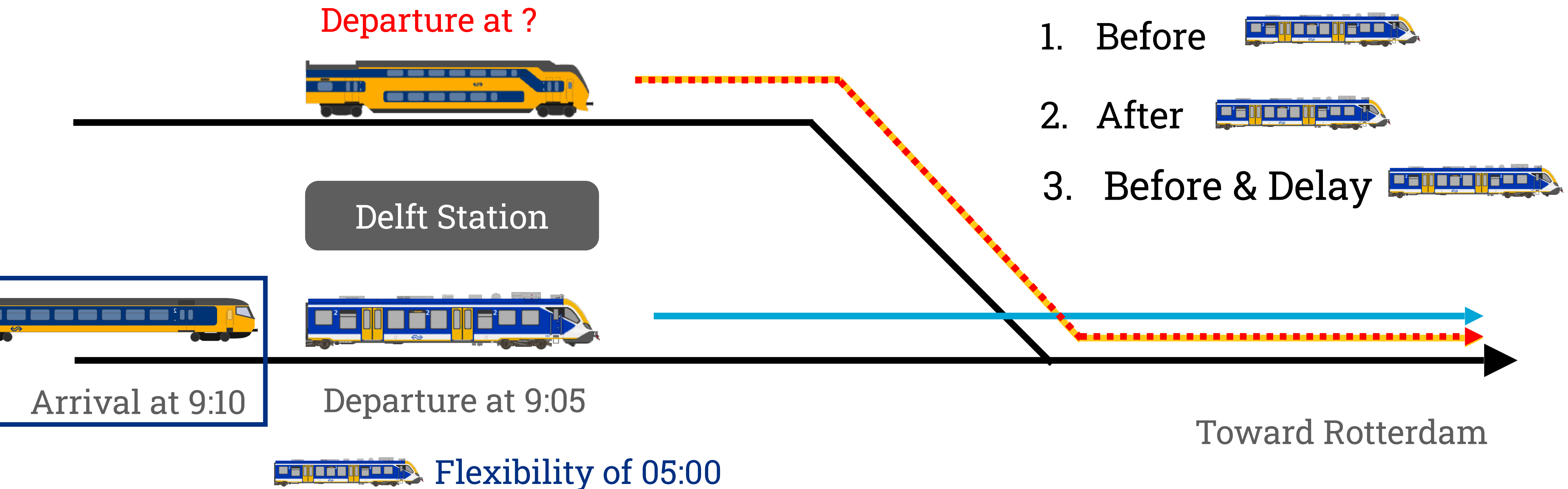
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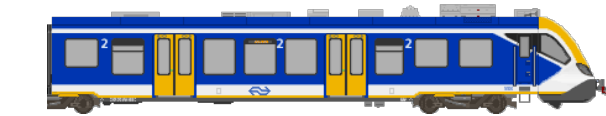


Multi-Agent Execution Delay Replanning (MAEDeR)

Single delayed agent in multi-agent setting

Departure at ?

1. Before

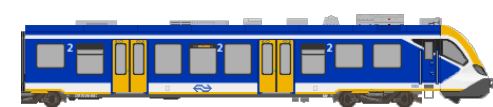


Delay is bounded by the next train to
prevent delay propagation



Arrival at 9:10

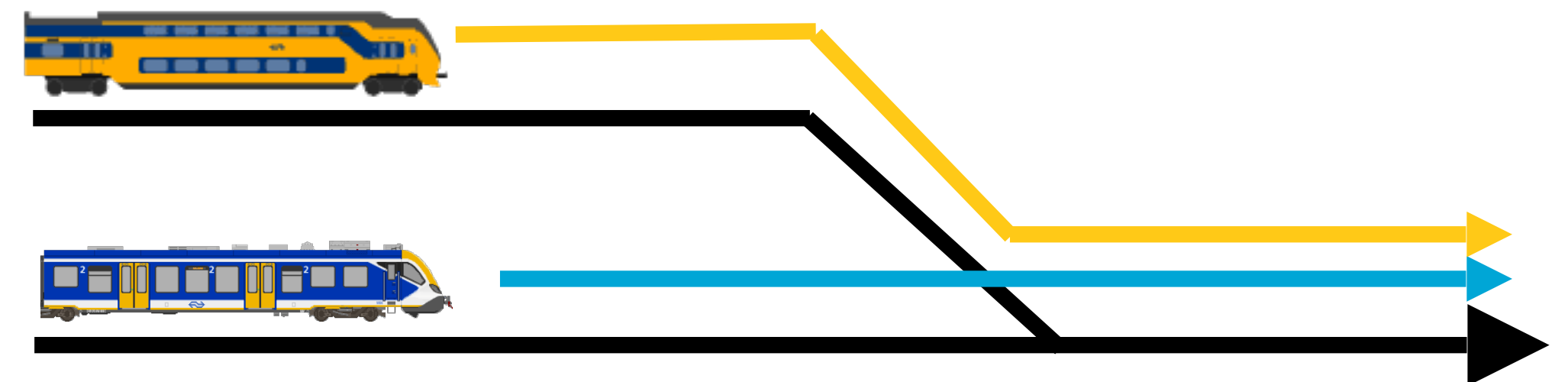
Departure at 9:05



Flexibility of 05:00

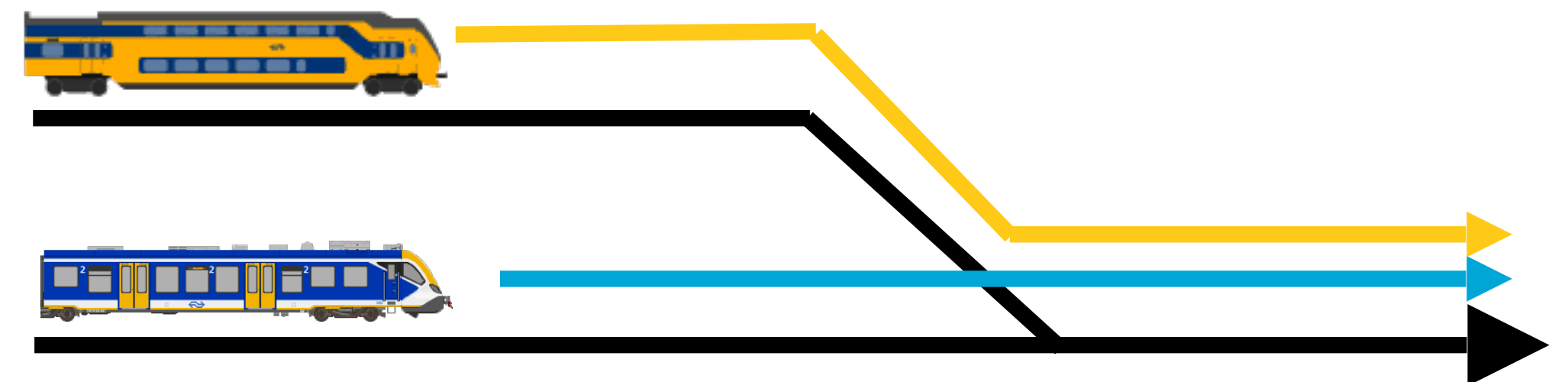
Toward Rotterdam

Replanning



Replanning

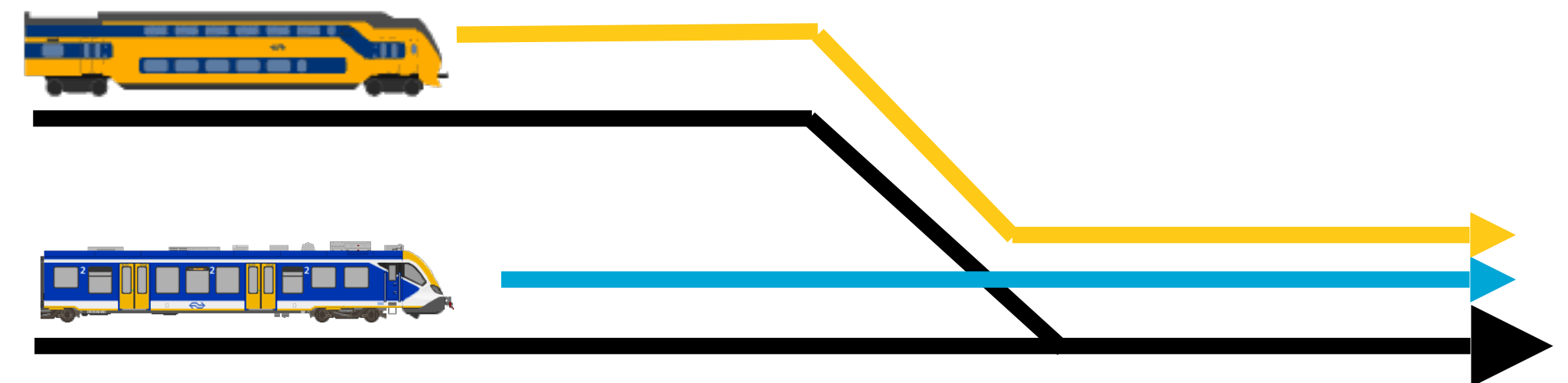
- Intuitively: replan on delay
- In execution: cannot pause world



Replanning

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➤ (re)Planning takes time!



Replanning

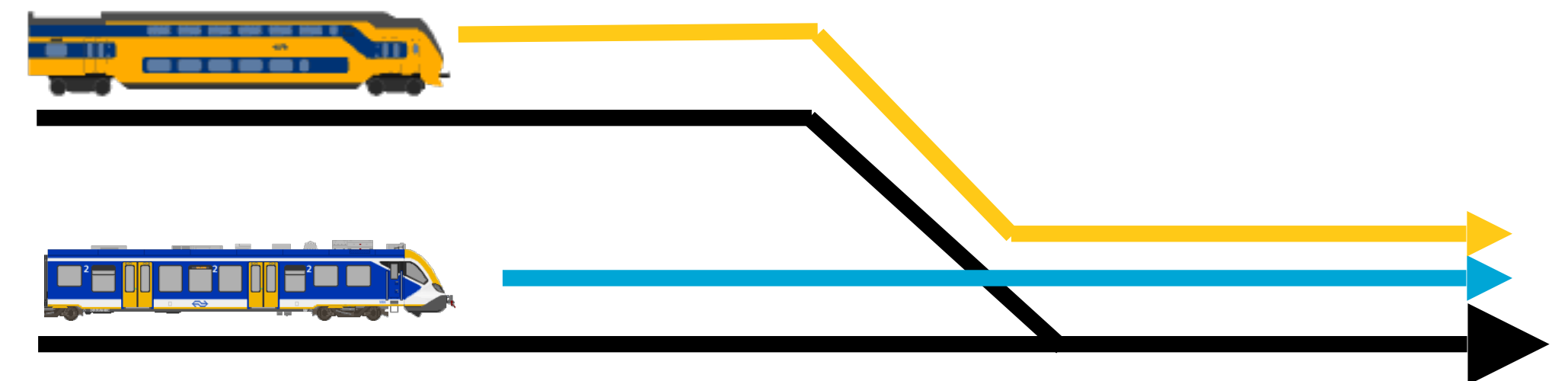
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➤ (re)Planning takes time!

- Precompute any-start-time plan

➤ Instantly recover new plan

@MAEDeR (Hanou & Thomas et al. 2024)



Replanning

With Temporal Flexibility

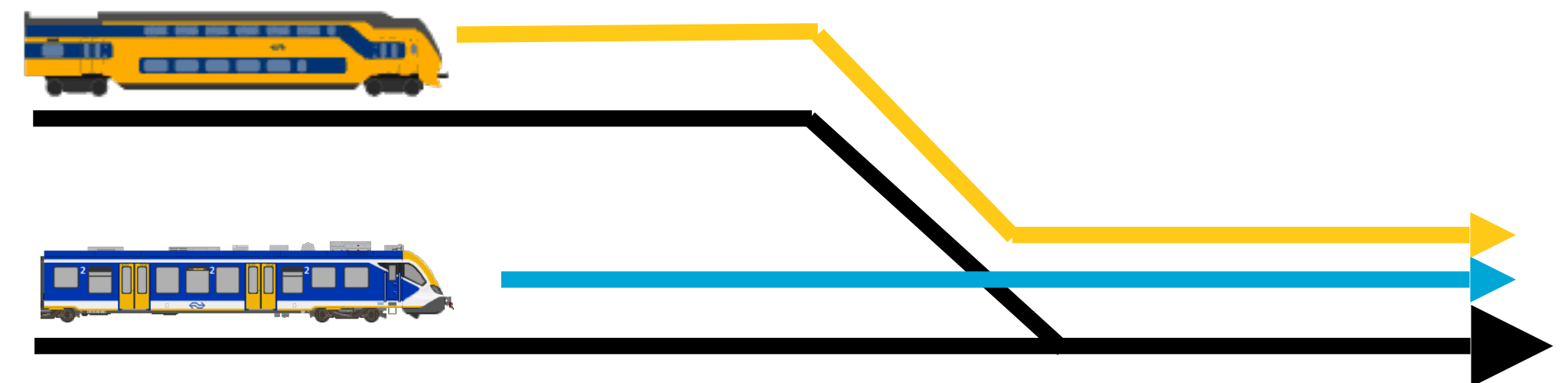
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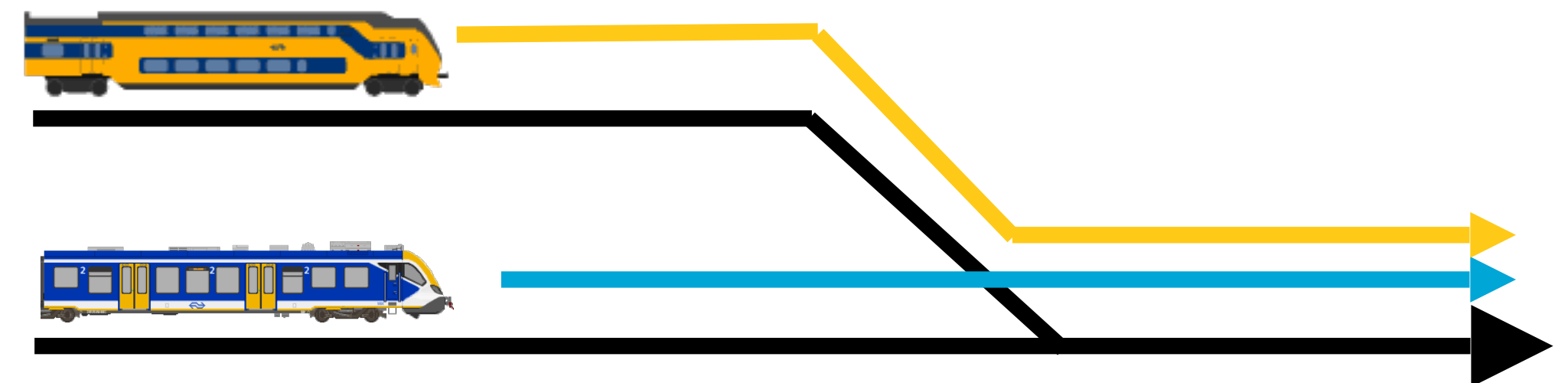
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With Temporal Flexibility

1. Precompute any-start-time plan
- Instantly recover new plan
2. Query single optimal delay decision



Replanning

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- In execution: cannot pause world
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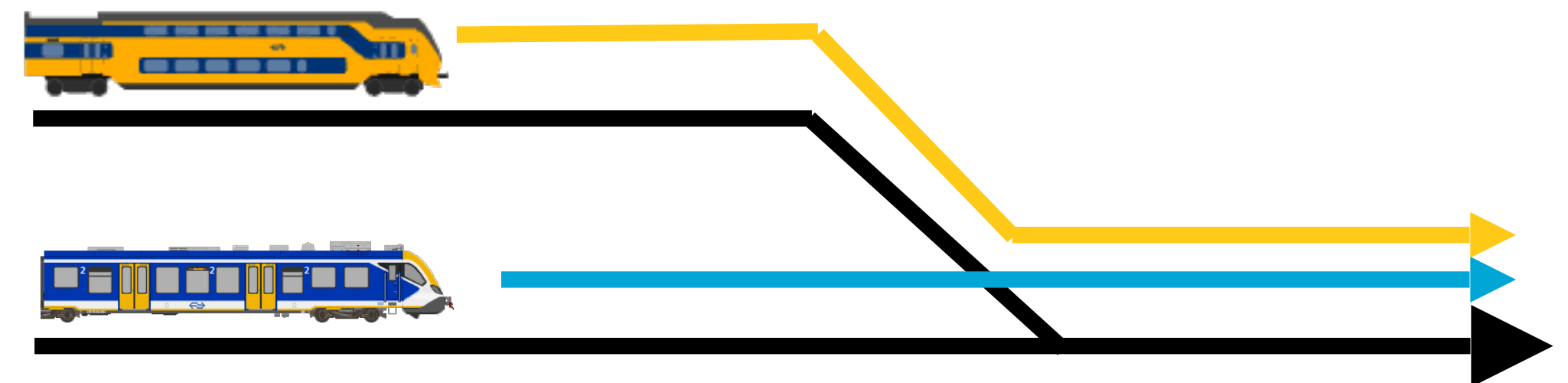
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With Temporal Flexibility

1. Precompute any-start-time plan
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FlexSIPP: Each plan gives delay for other agents

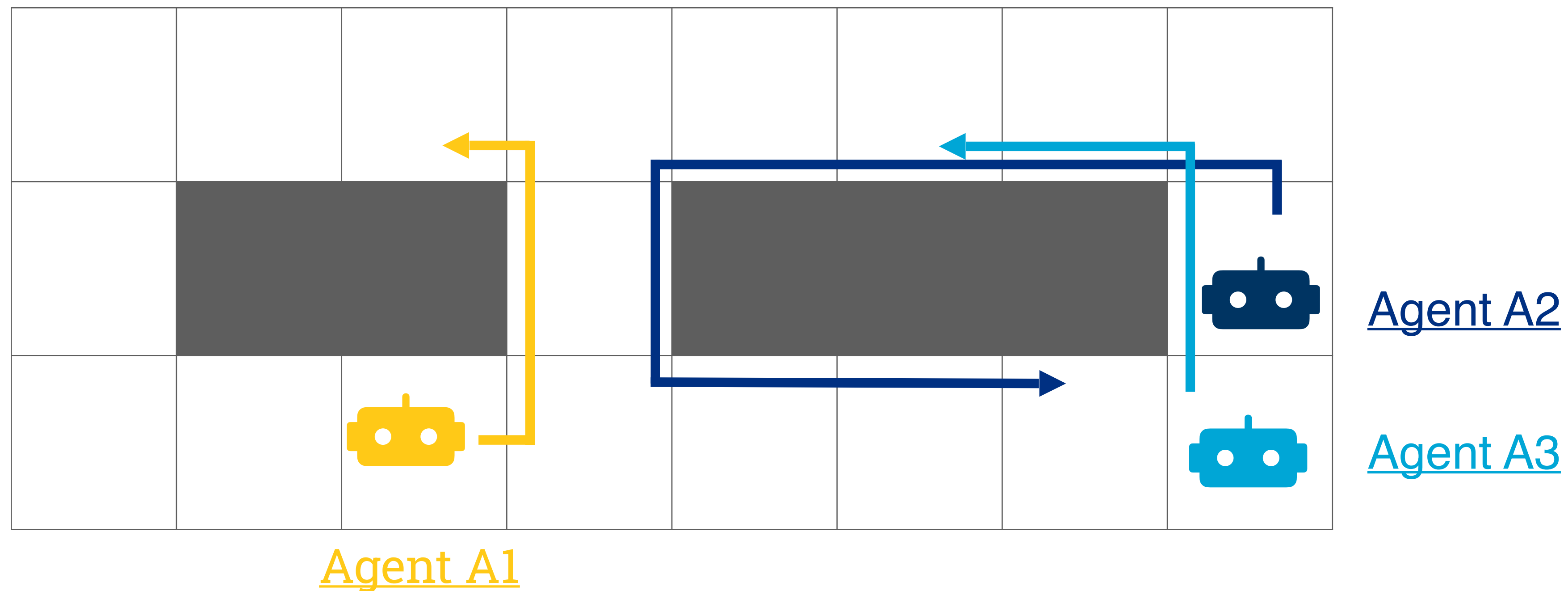


Problem features

- Safe Interval Path Planning (SIPP)
 - Continuous time and space in safe states and actions
- Bound the delay
 - Inherent in original plan
 - Prevent delay propagation

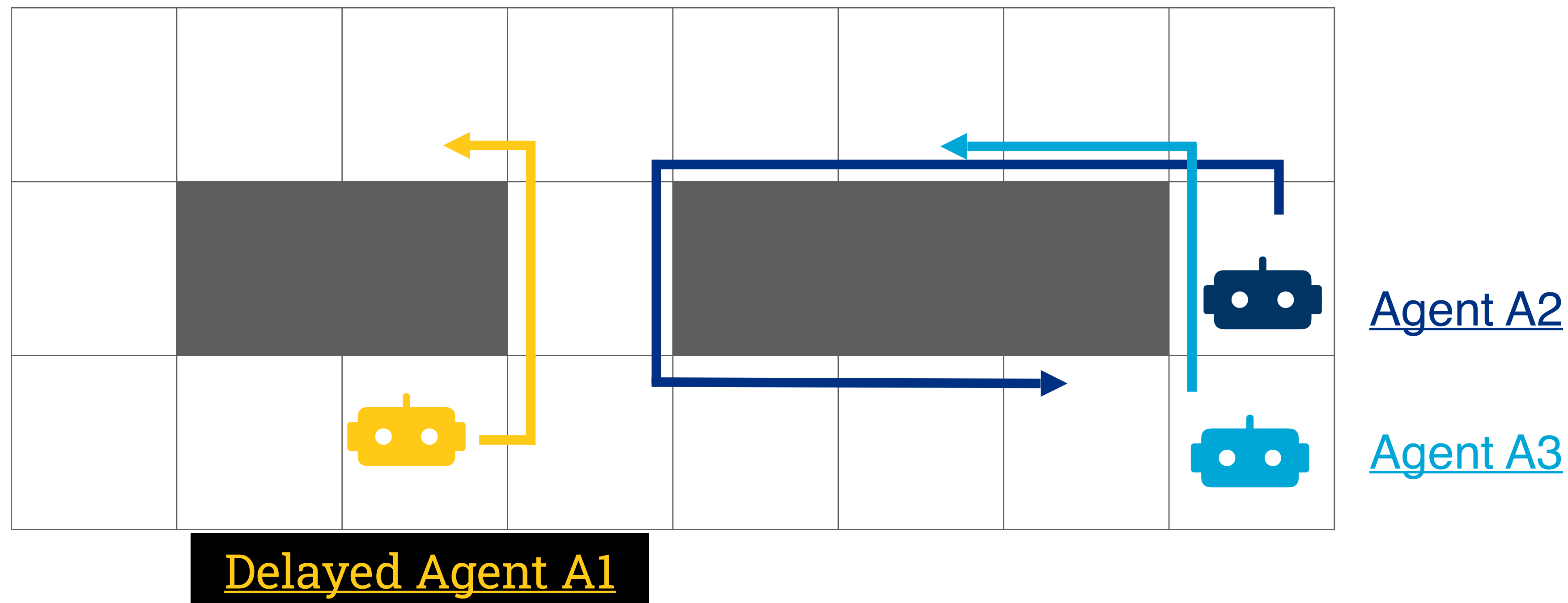
Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



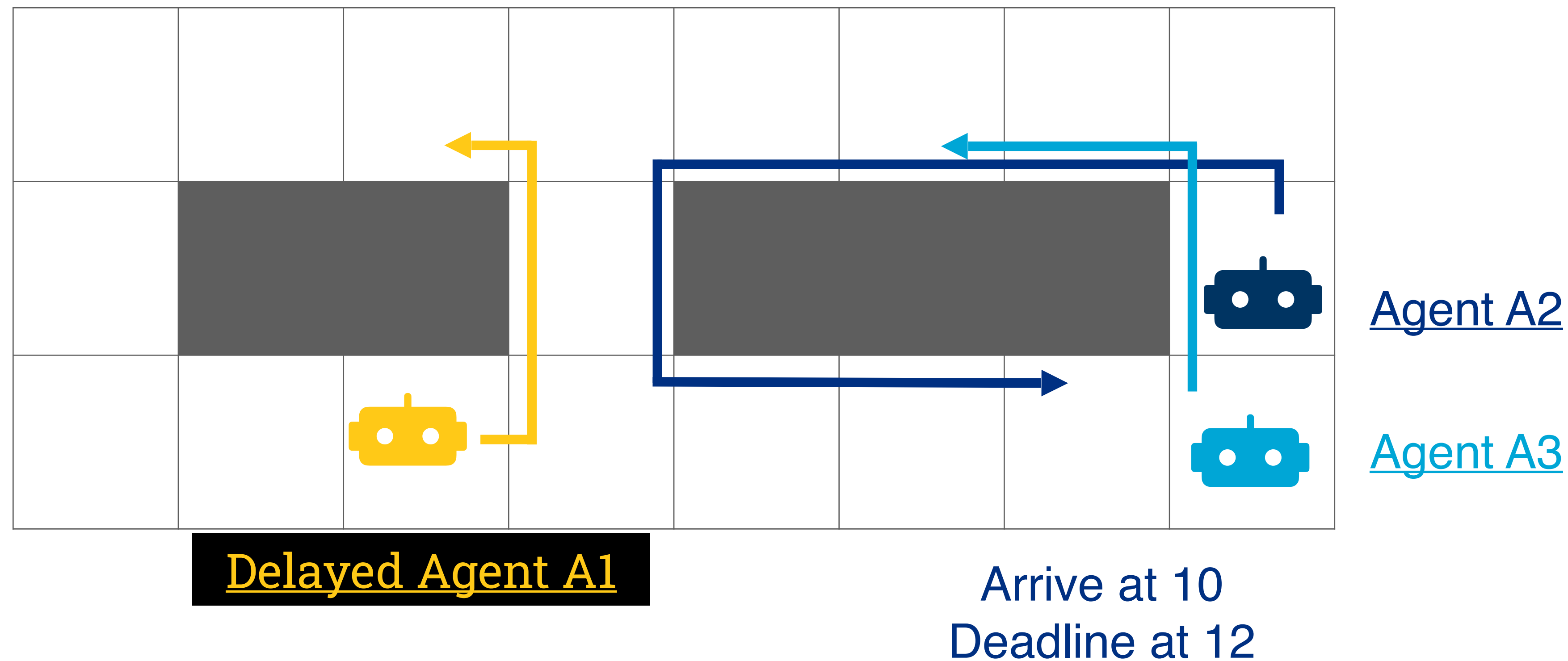
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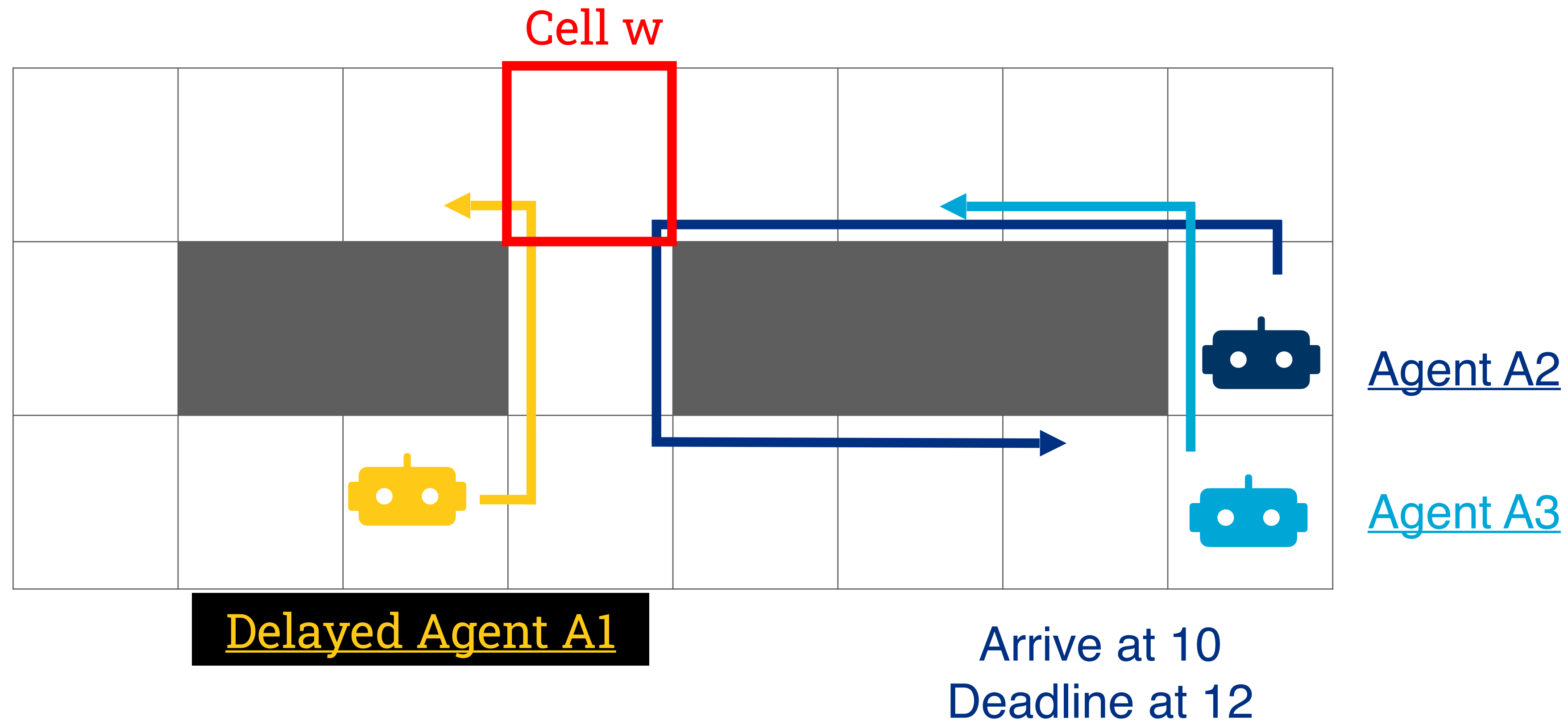
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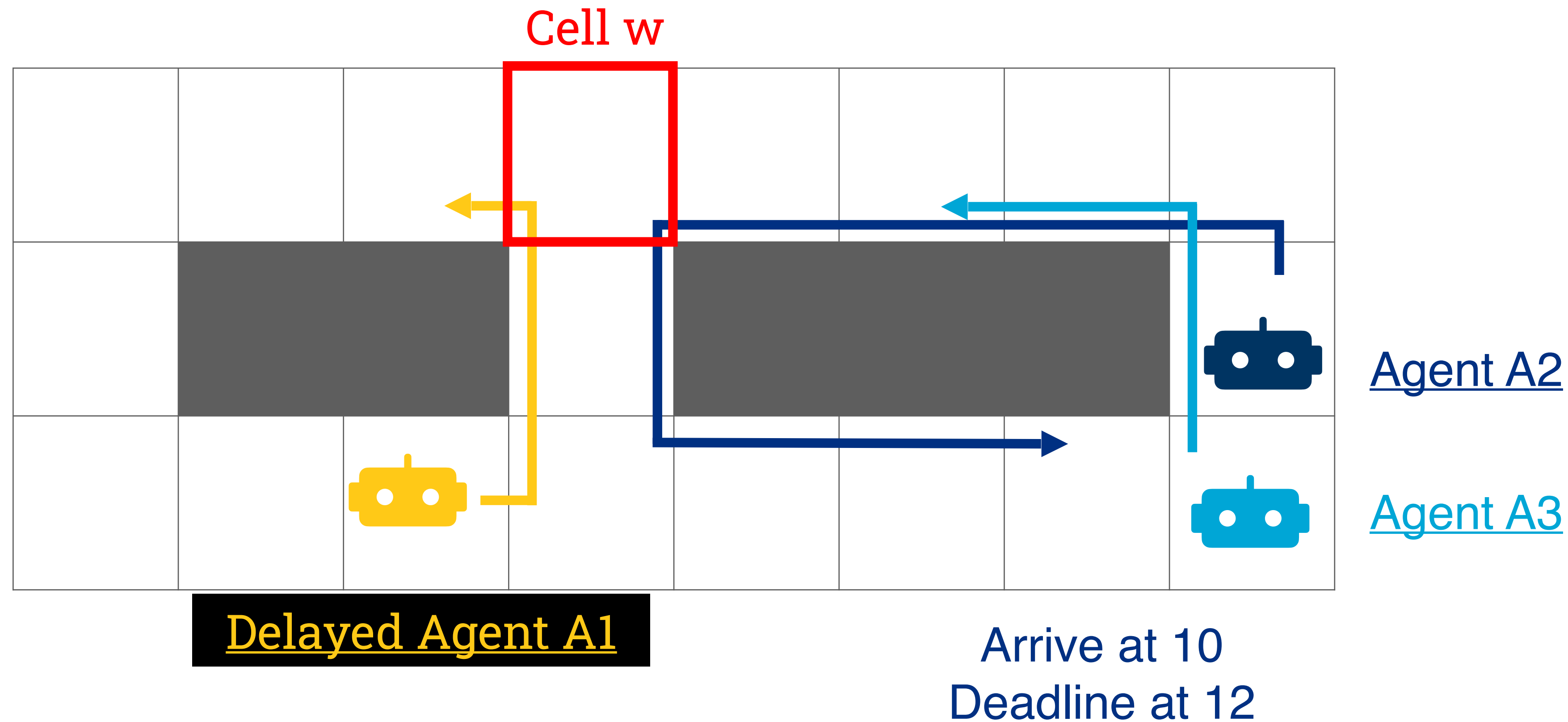
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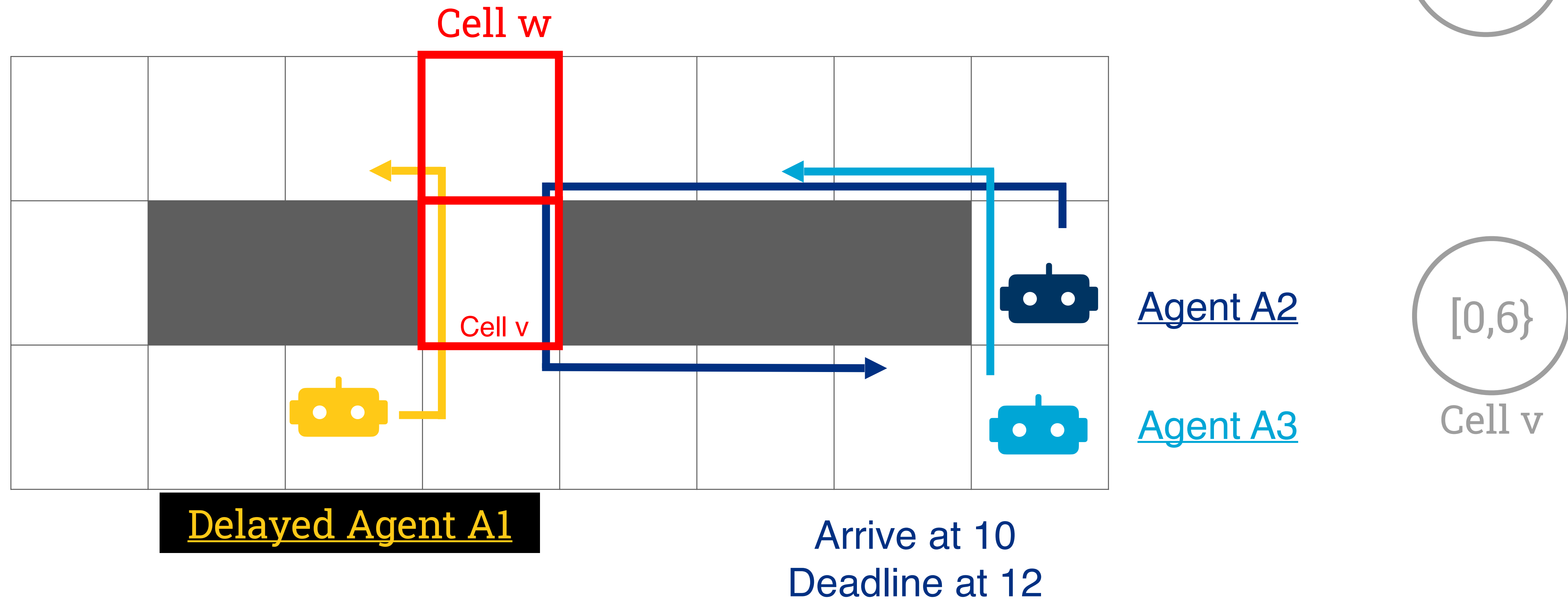
Constructing the SIPP graph



Cell w
[0,5}

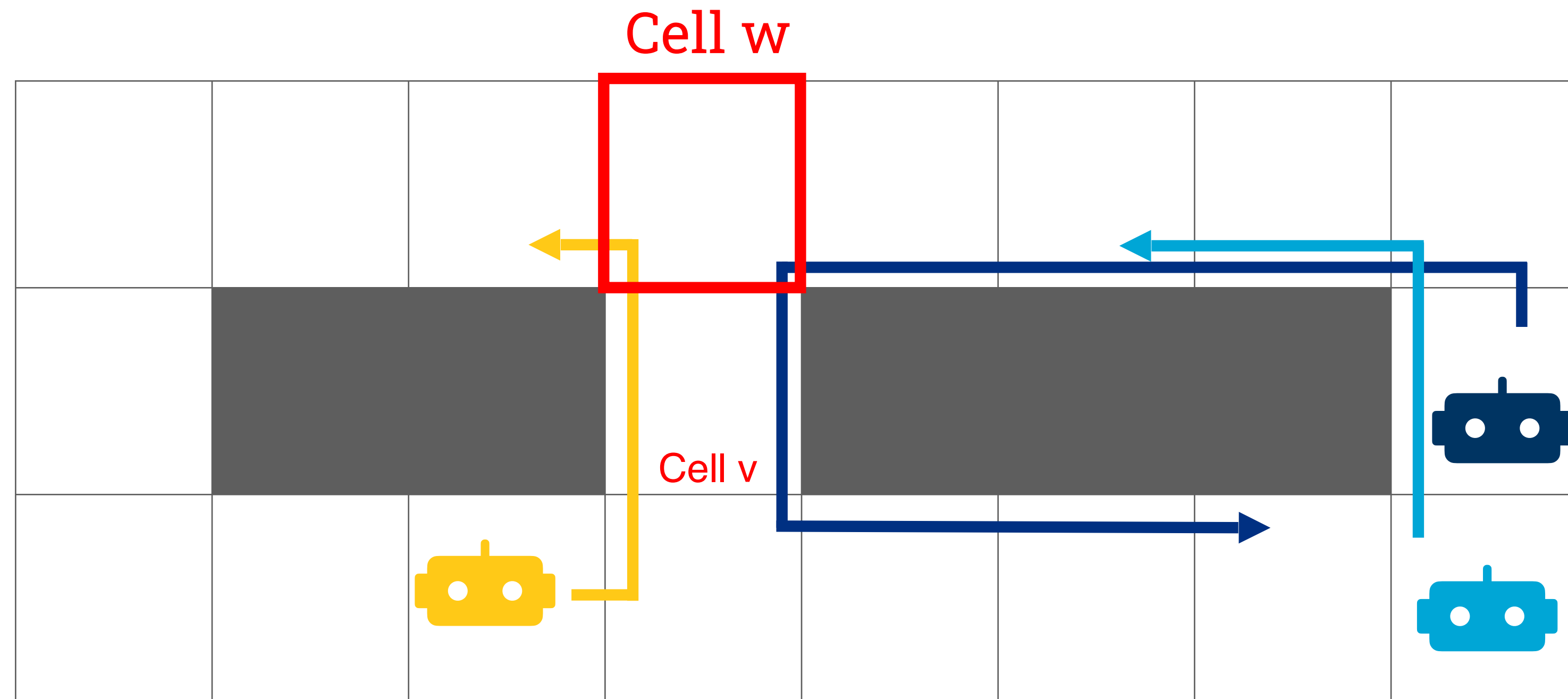
Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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Delayed Agent A1

Arrive at 10
Deadline at 12

$\langle 0, 0, 4, 1 \rangle$
Before A2

Agent A2

Agent A3

Cell w

$[0,5]$

$[0,6]$

Cell v

Edge Arrival Time Function

Start wait safe = 0

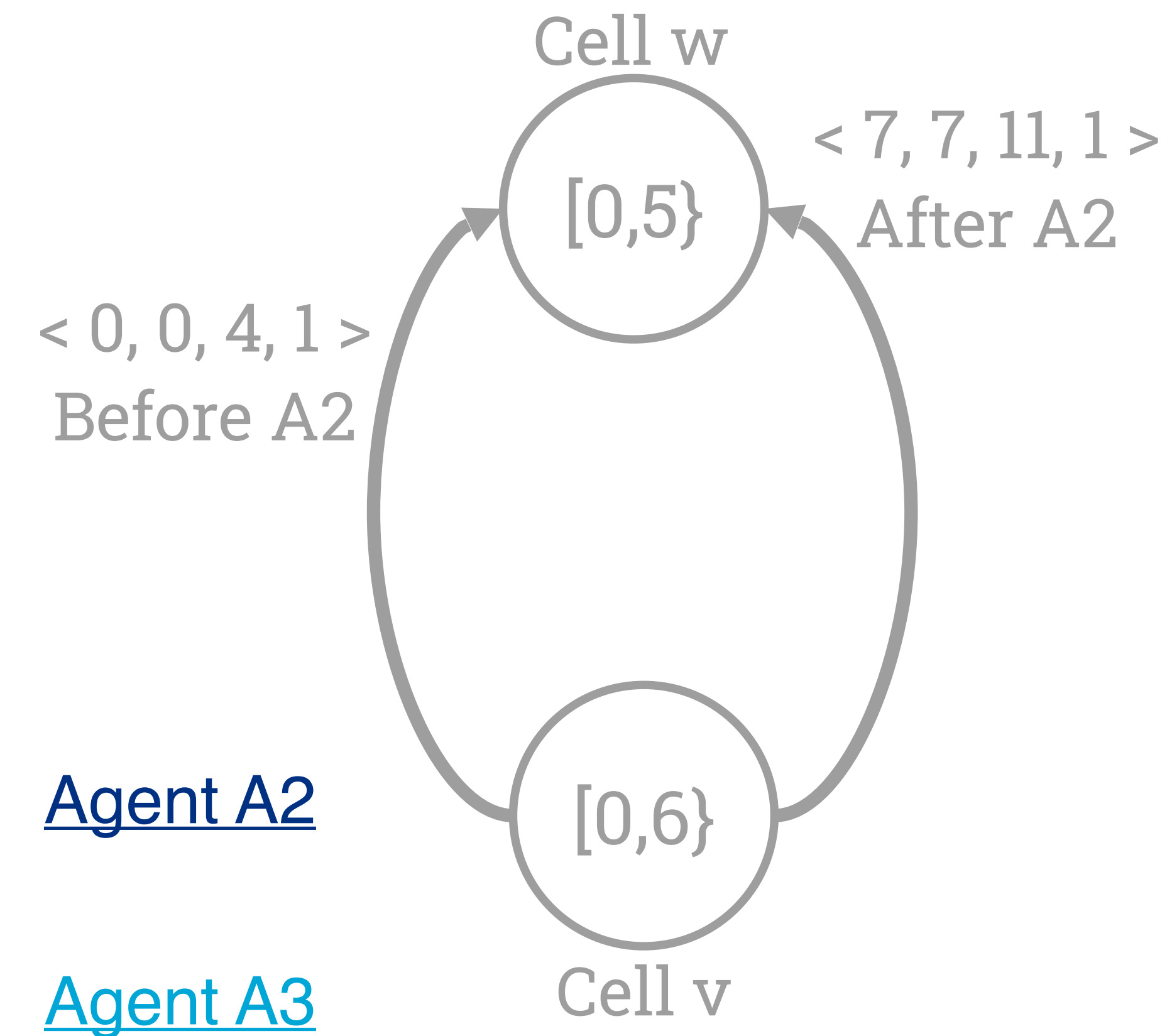
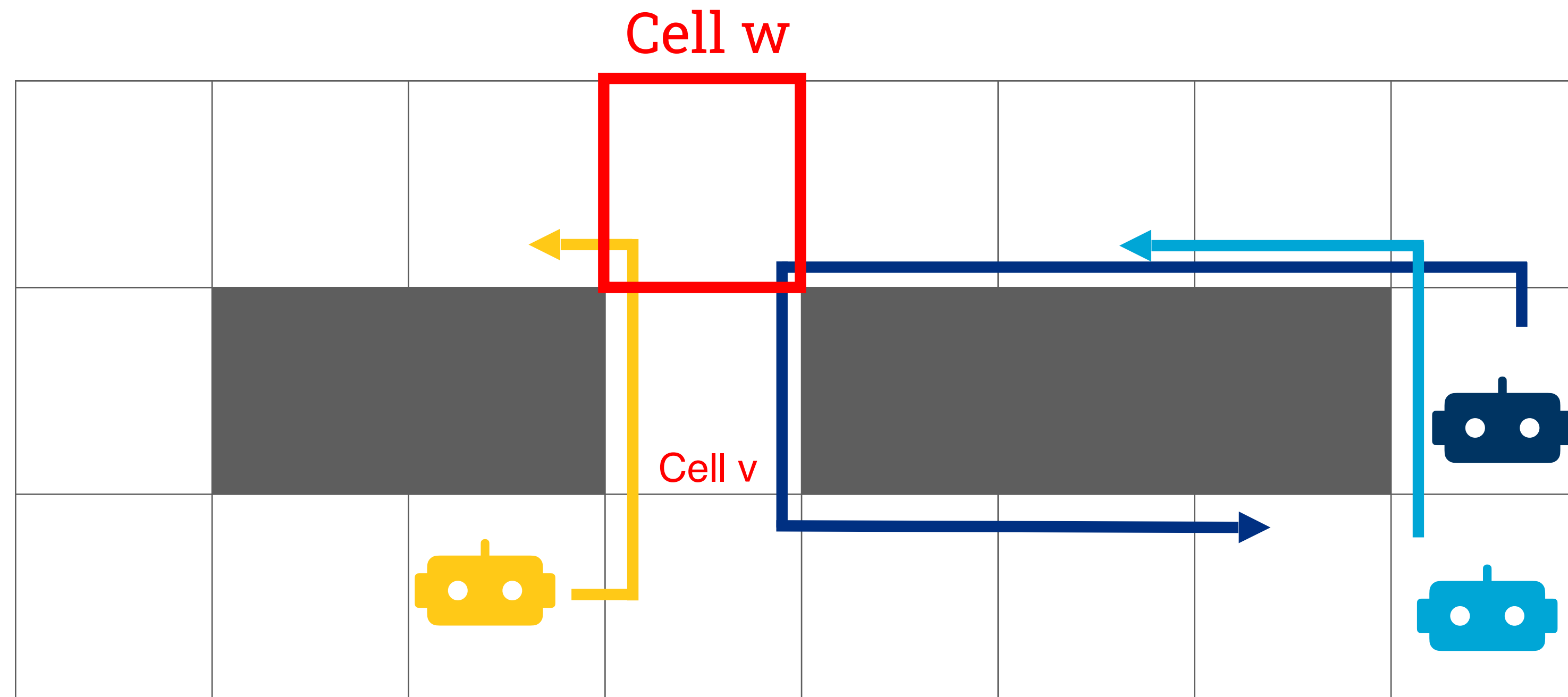
Start move = 0

Move before = 4

Duration = 1

Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



Edge Arrival Time Function

Start wait safe = 7

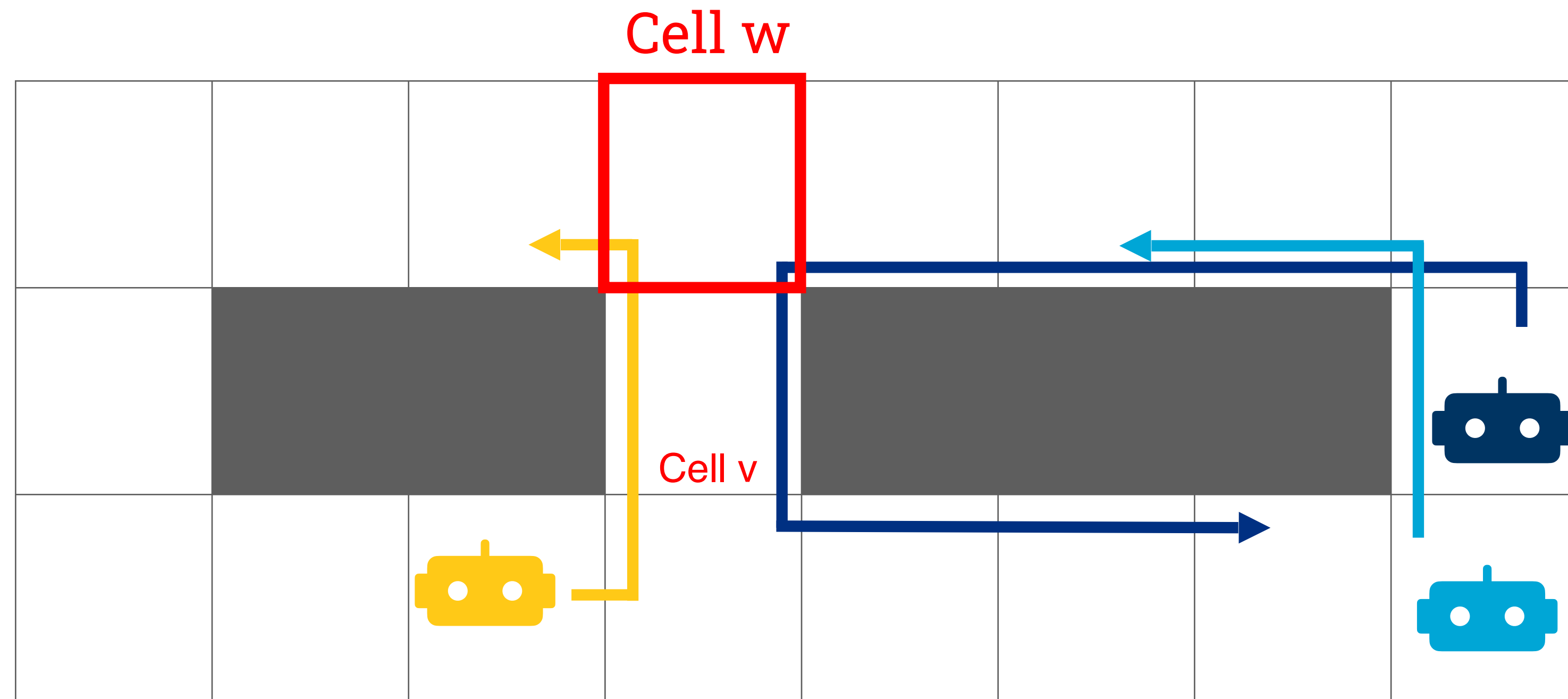
Start move = 7

Move before = 11

Duration = 1

Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



@MAEDeR

$\langle 0, 0, 4, 1 \rangle$
Before A2

Agent A2

Agent A3

Cell w

$[0,5]$

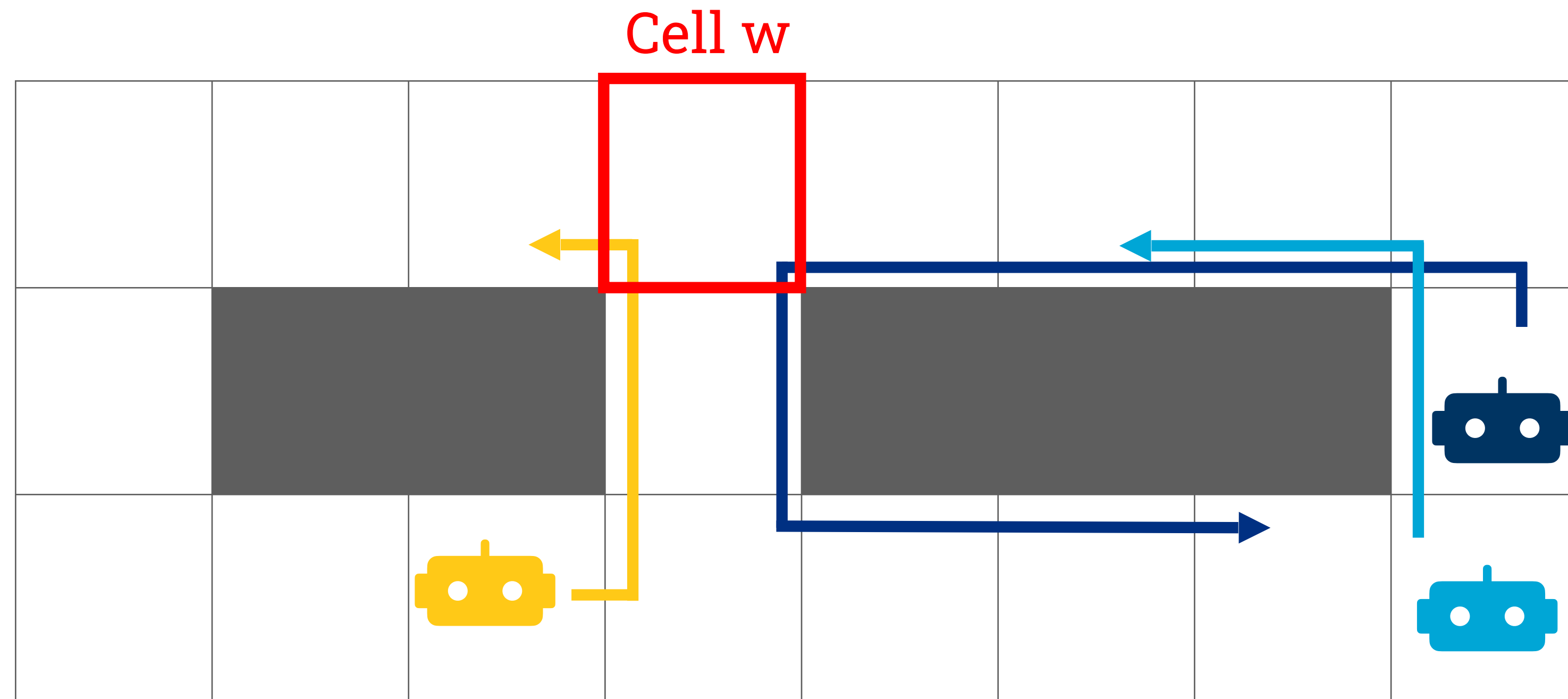
$\langle 7, 7, 11, 1 \rangle$
After A2

$[0,6]$

Cell v

Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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@MAEDeR

FlexSIPP

$\langle 0, 0, 4, 1 \rangle$
Before A2

Agent A2

Agent A3

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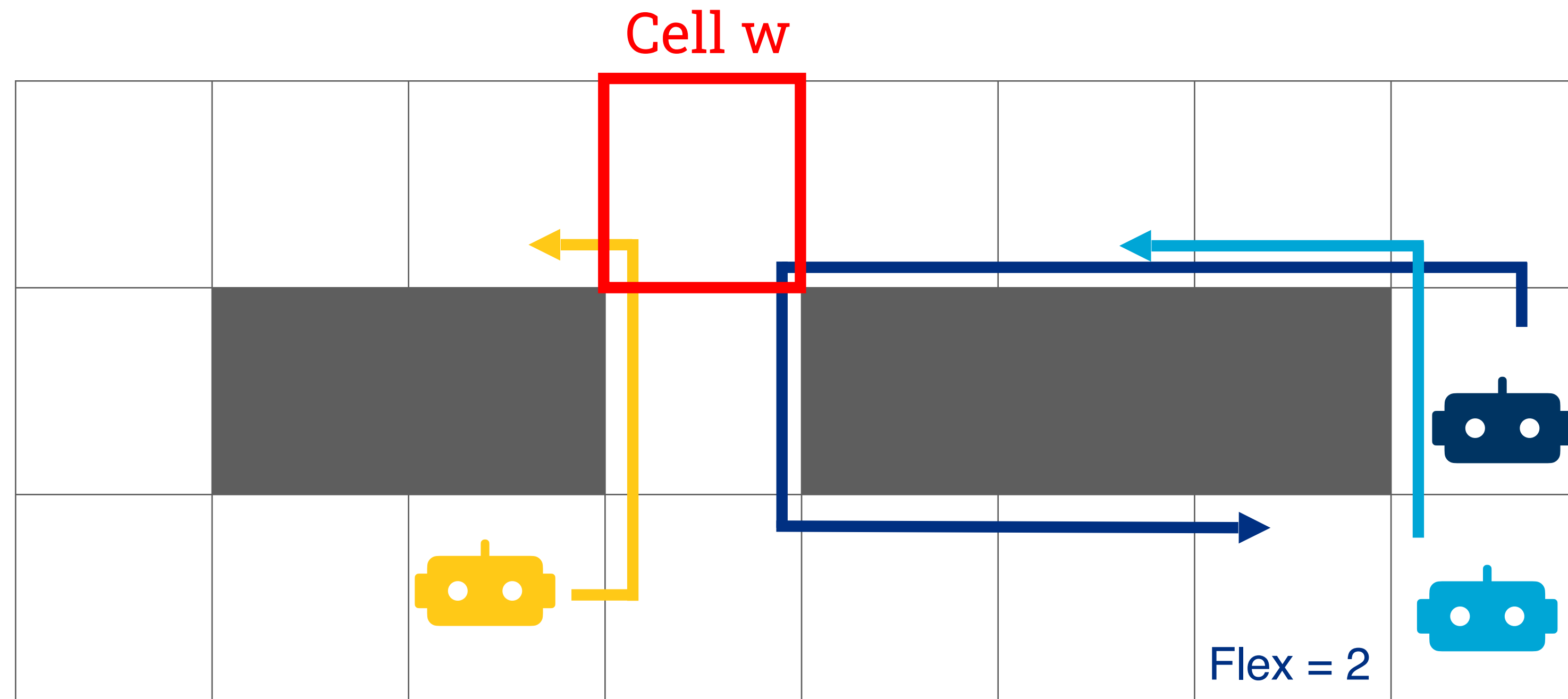
$\langle 7, 7, 11, 1 \rangle$
After A2

$[0,6]$

Cell v

Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



Delayed Agent A1

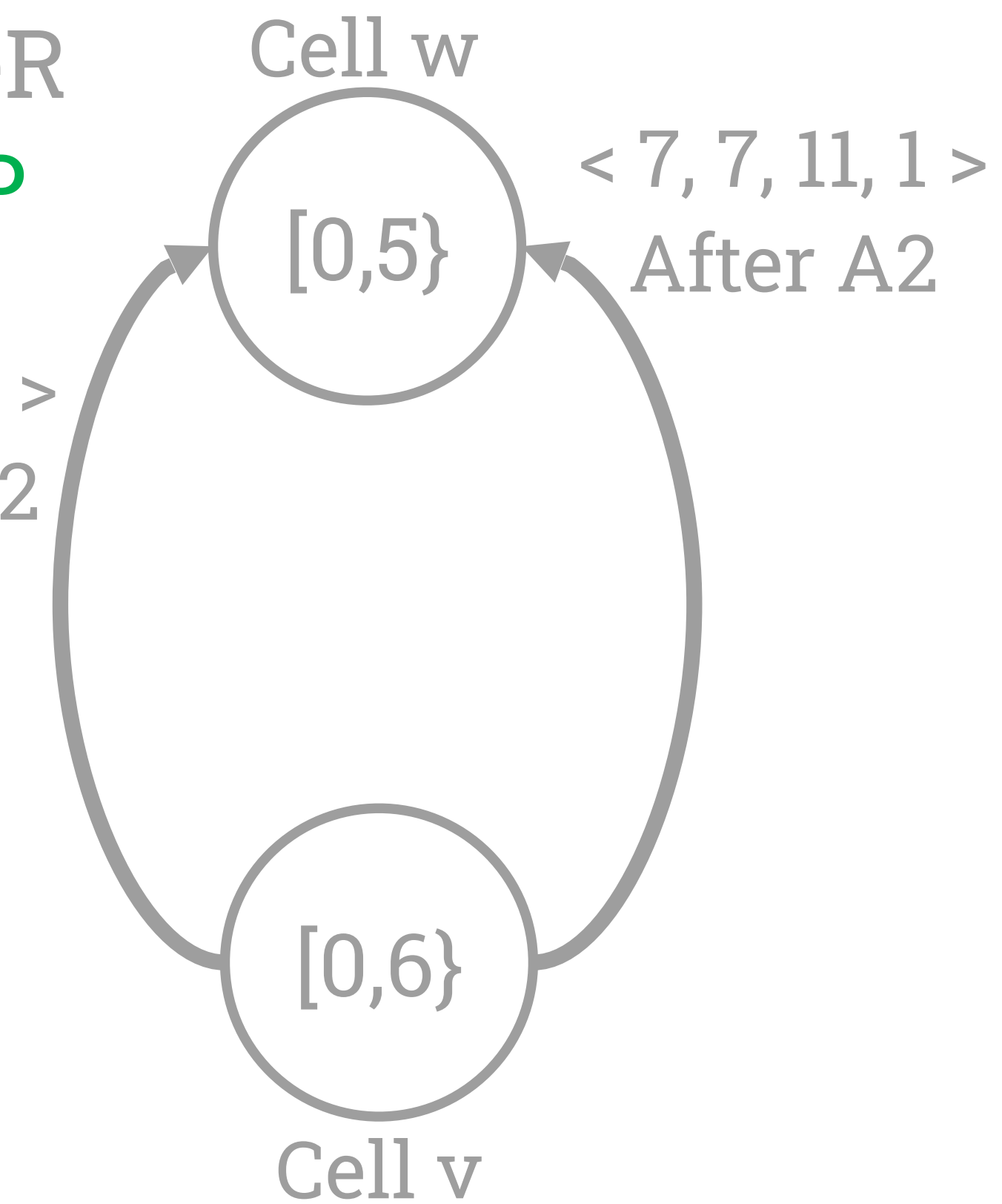
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@MAEDeR
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Before A2

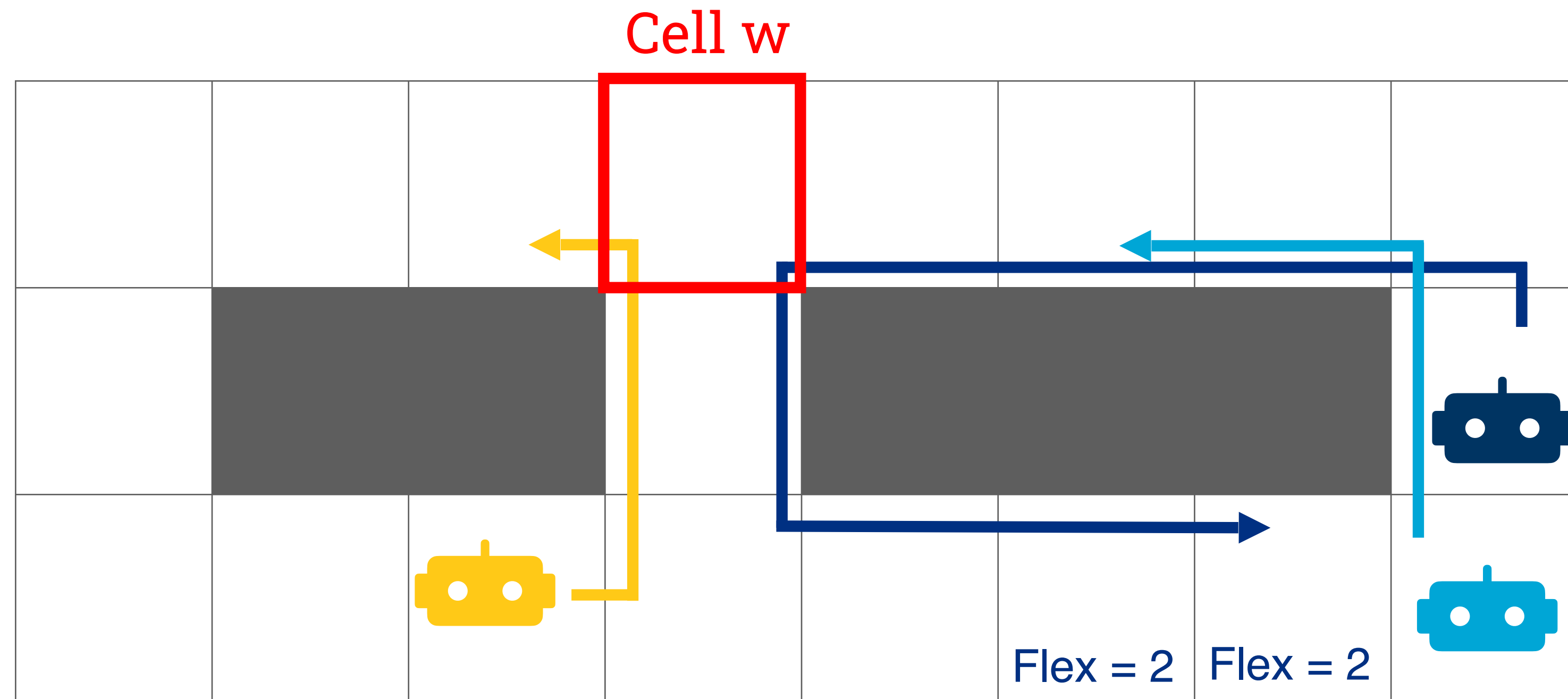
Agent A2

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Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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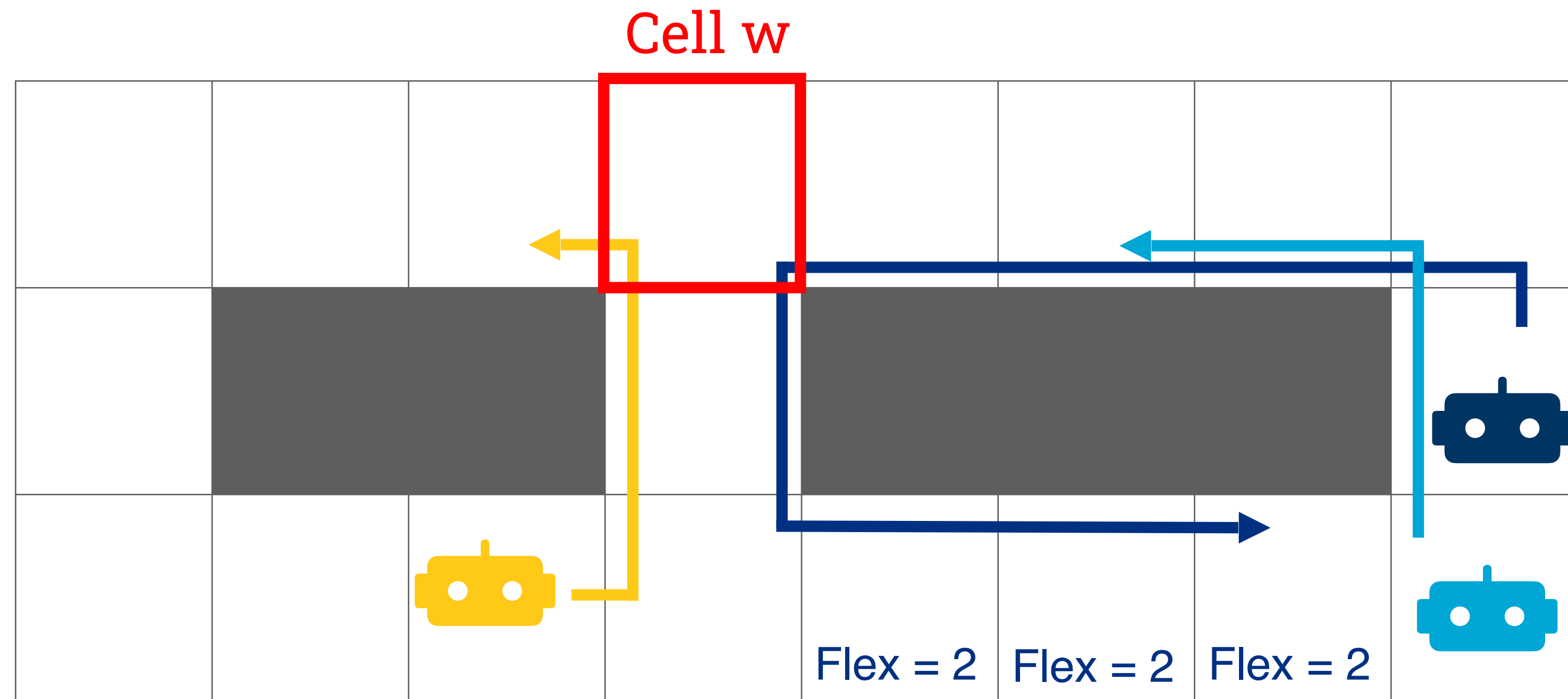
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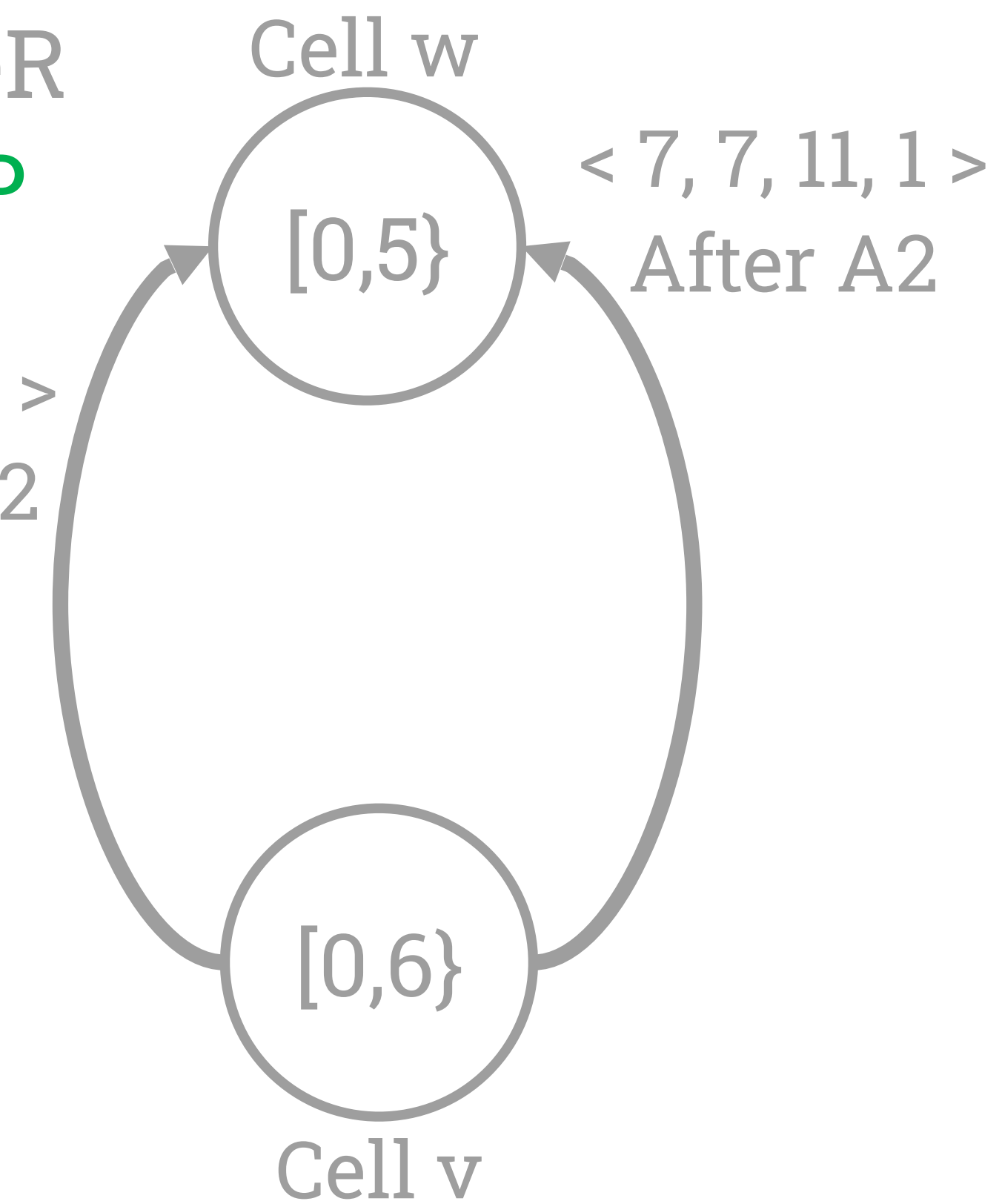
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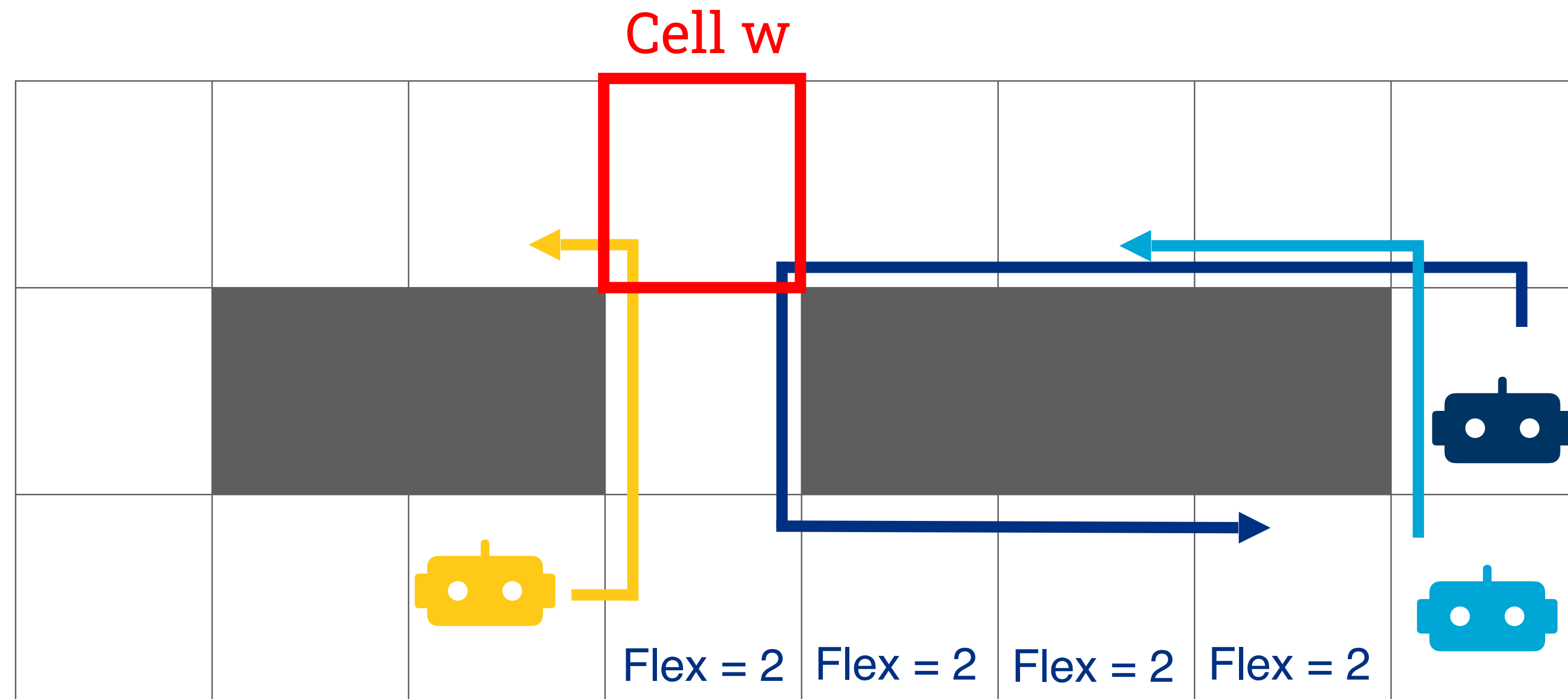
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Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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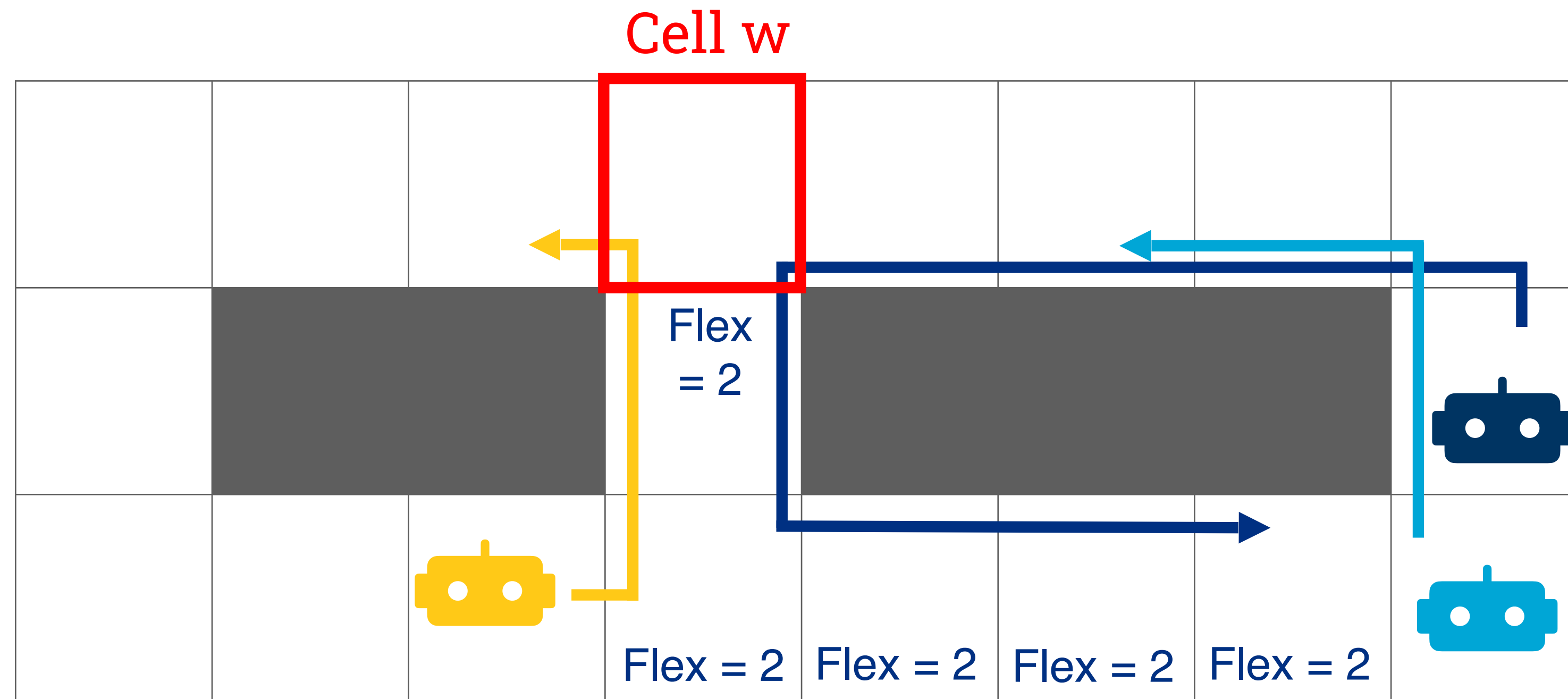
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Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



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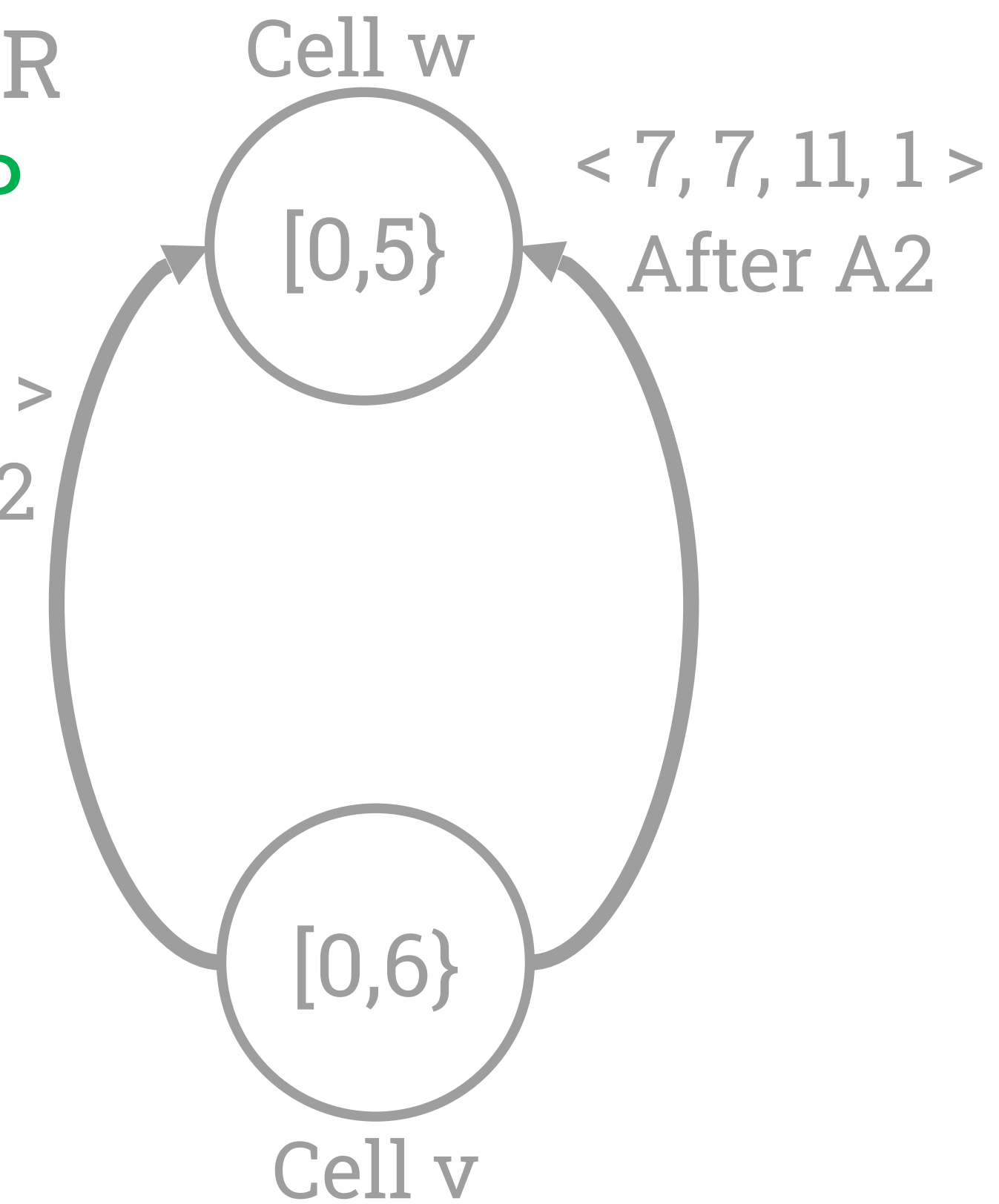
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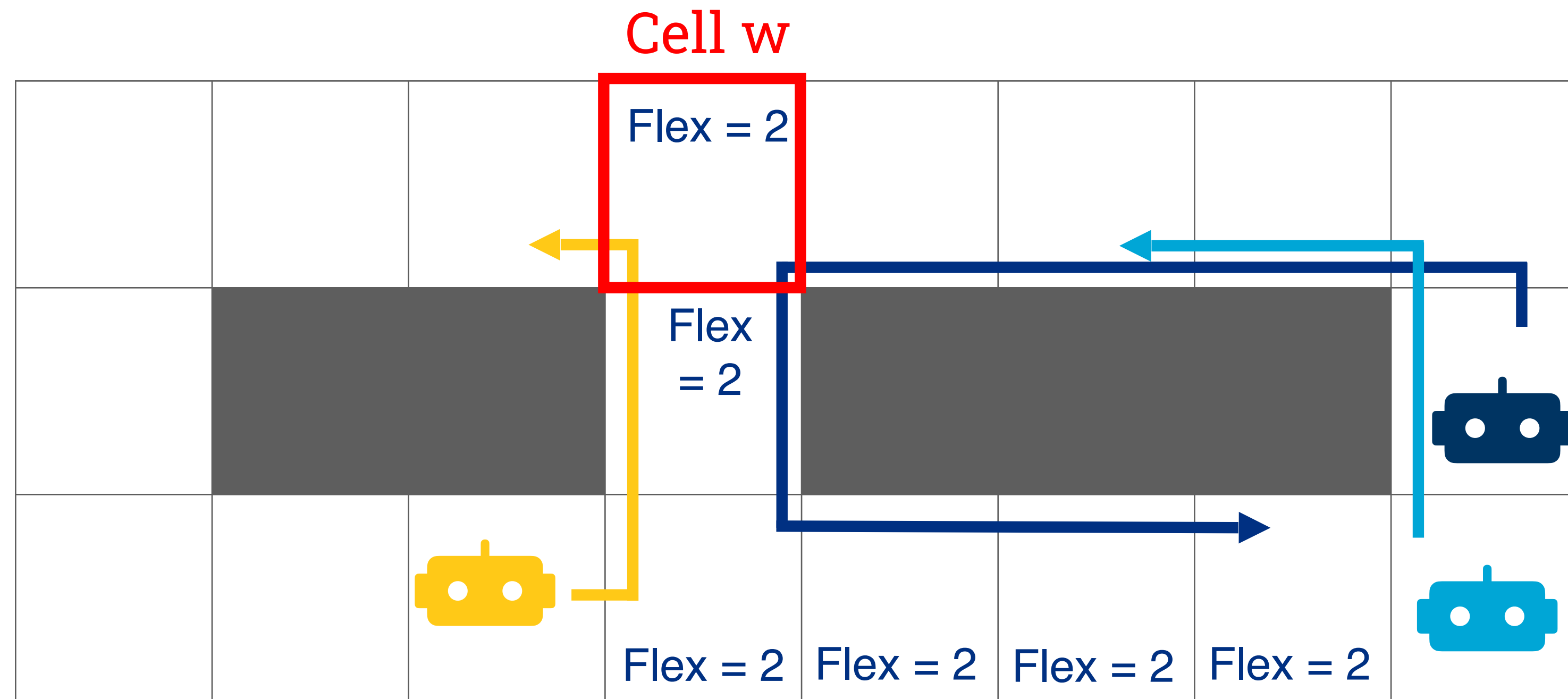
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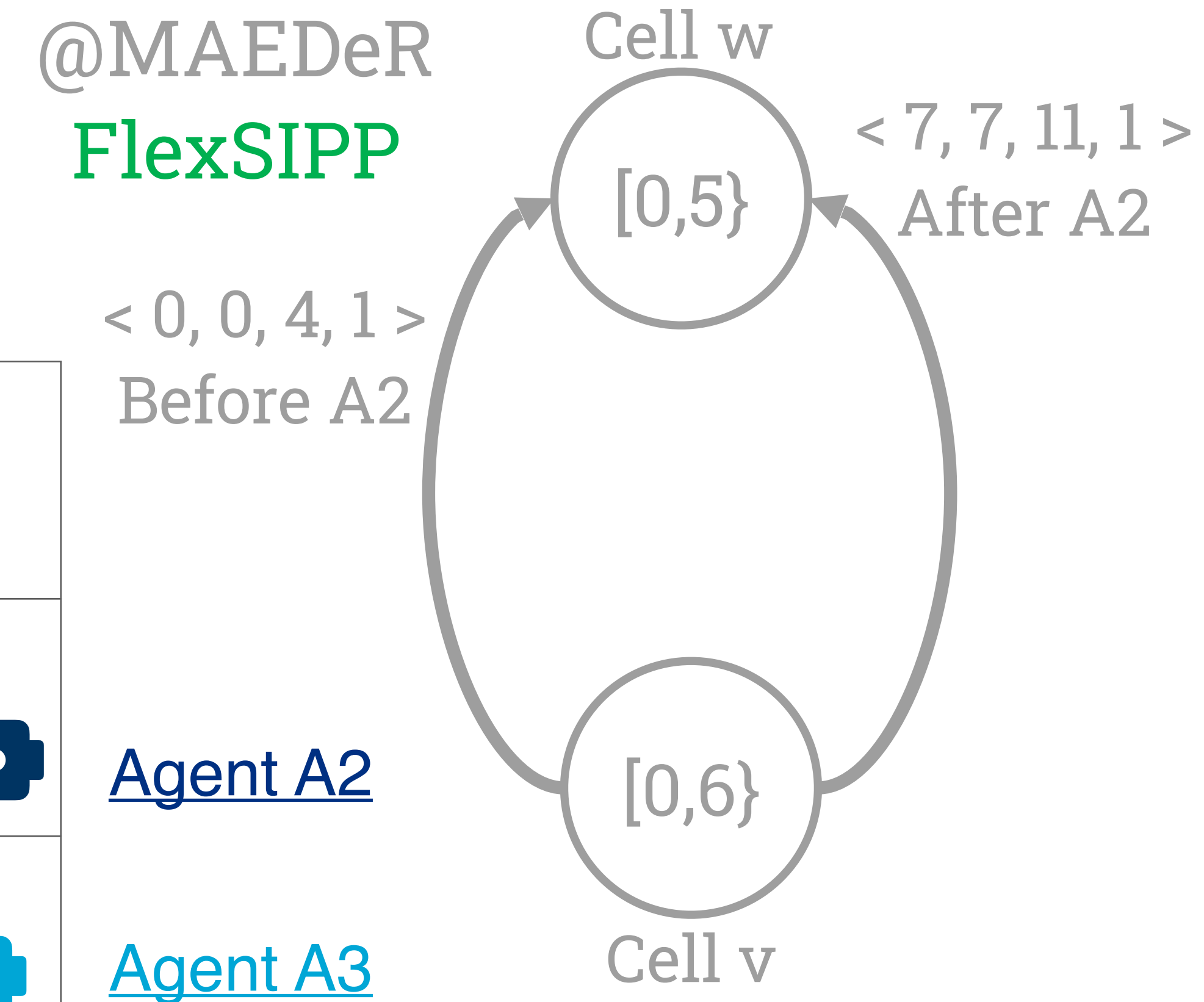
Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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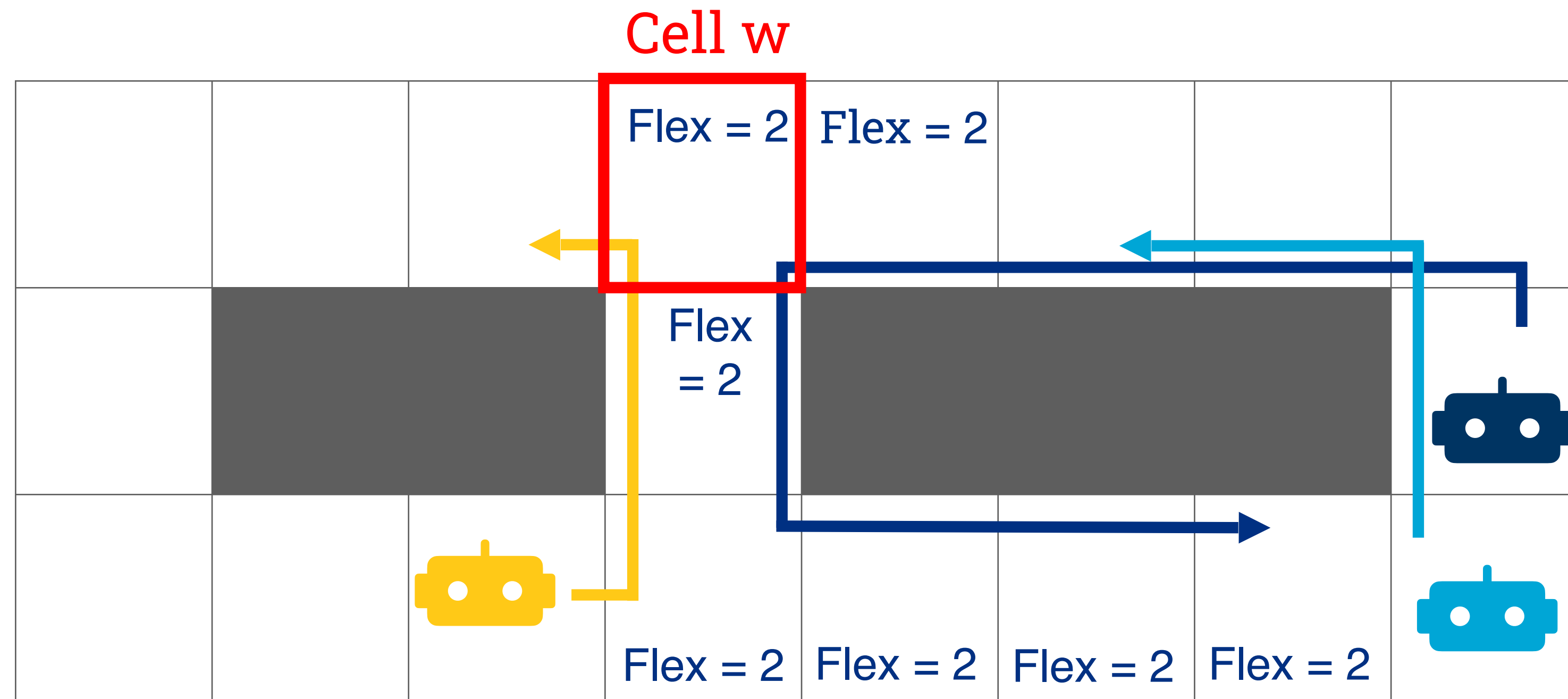
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Multi-Agent Pathfinding

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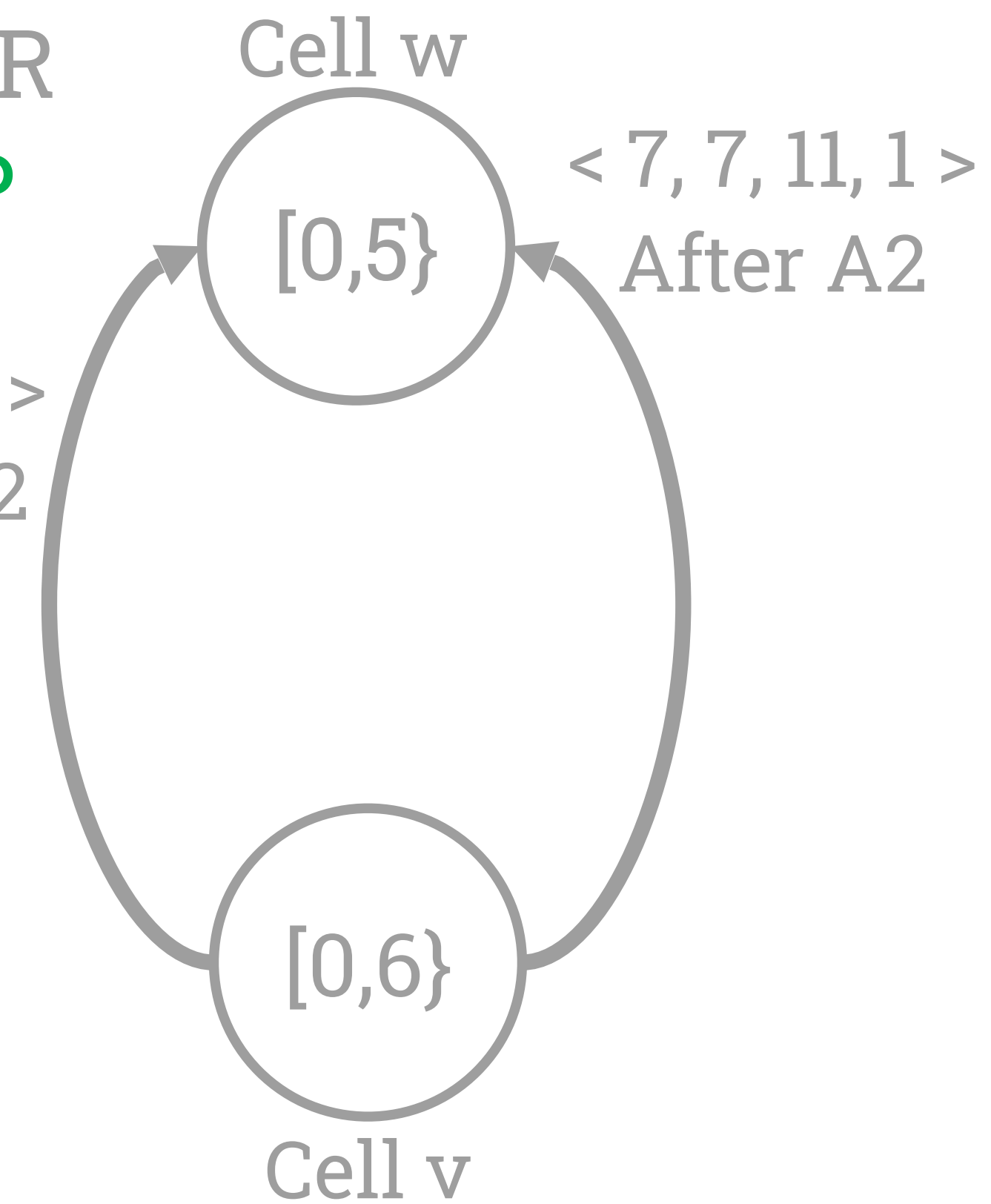
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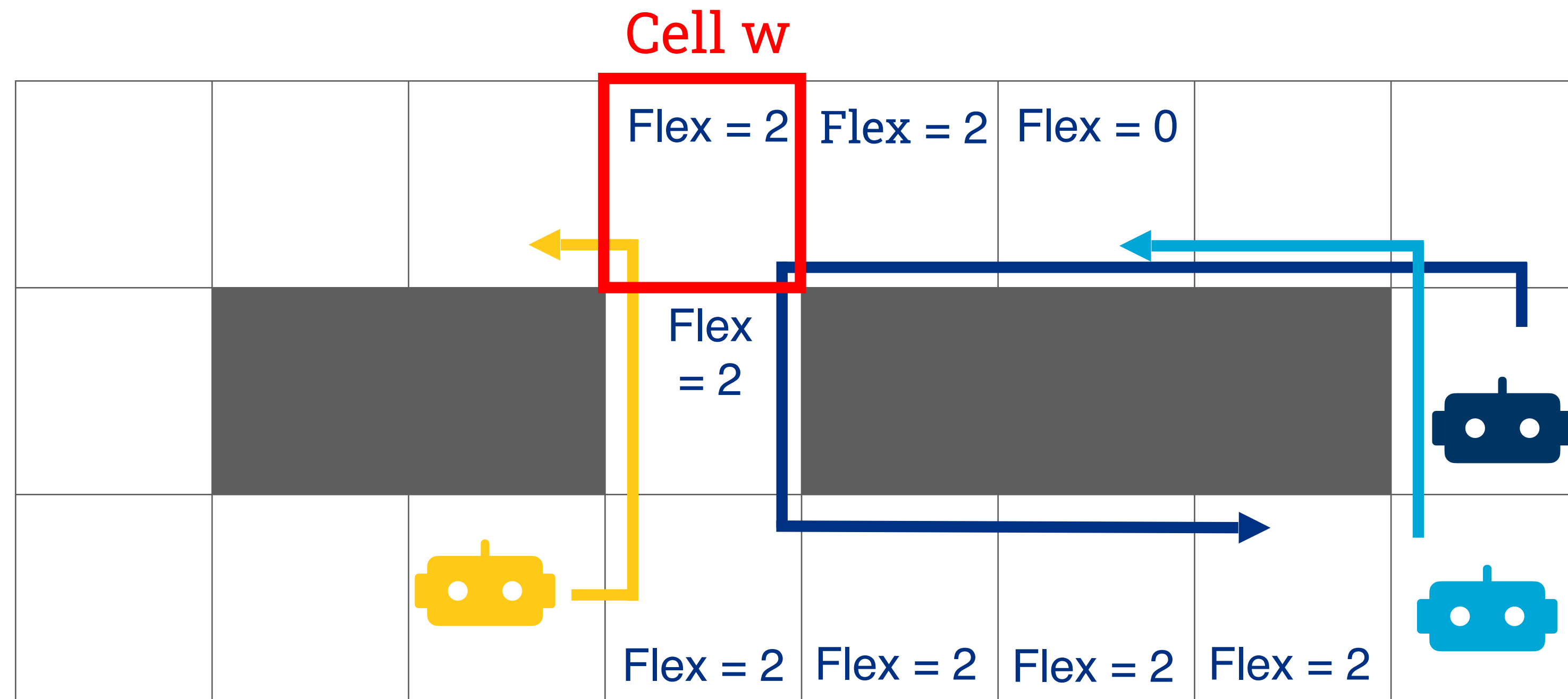
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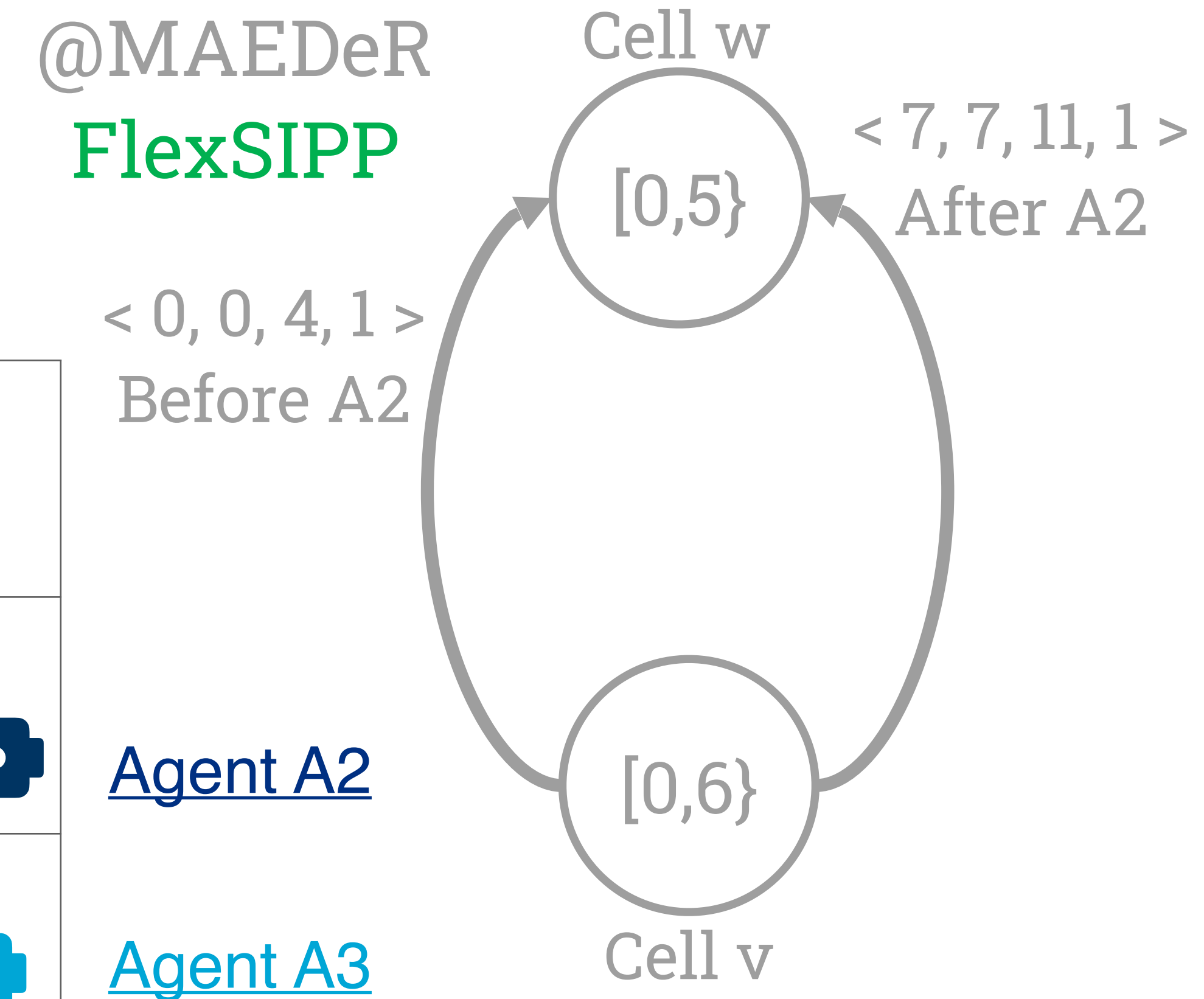
Multi-Agent Pathfinding

Constructing the SIPP graph



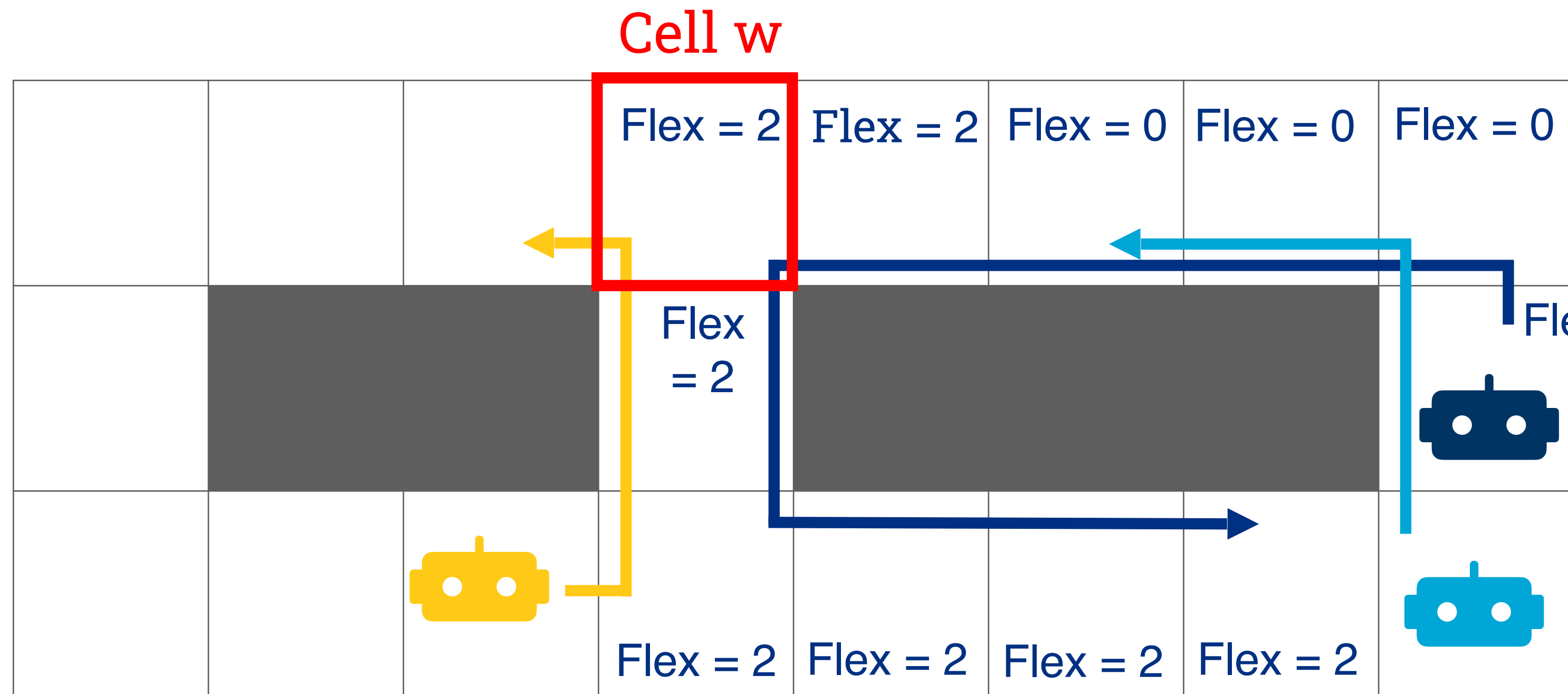
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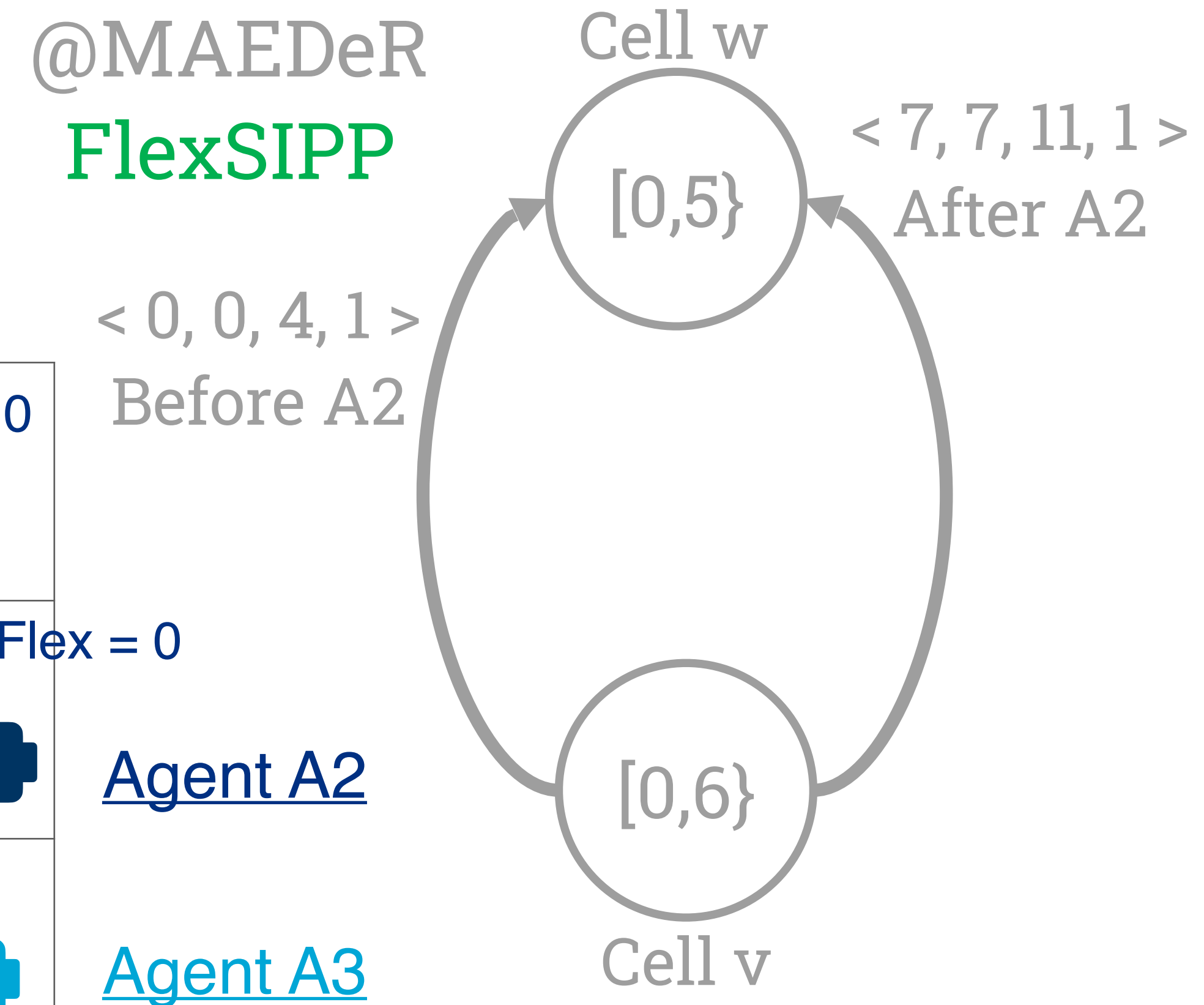
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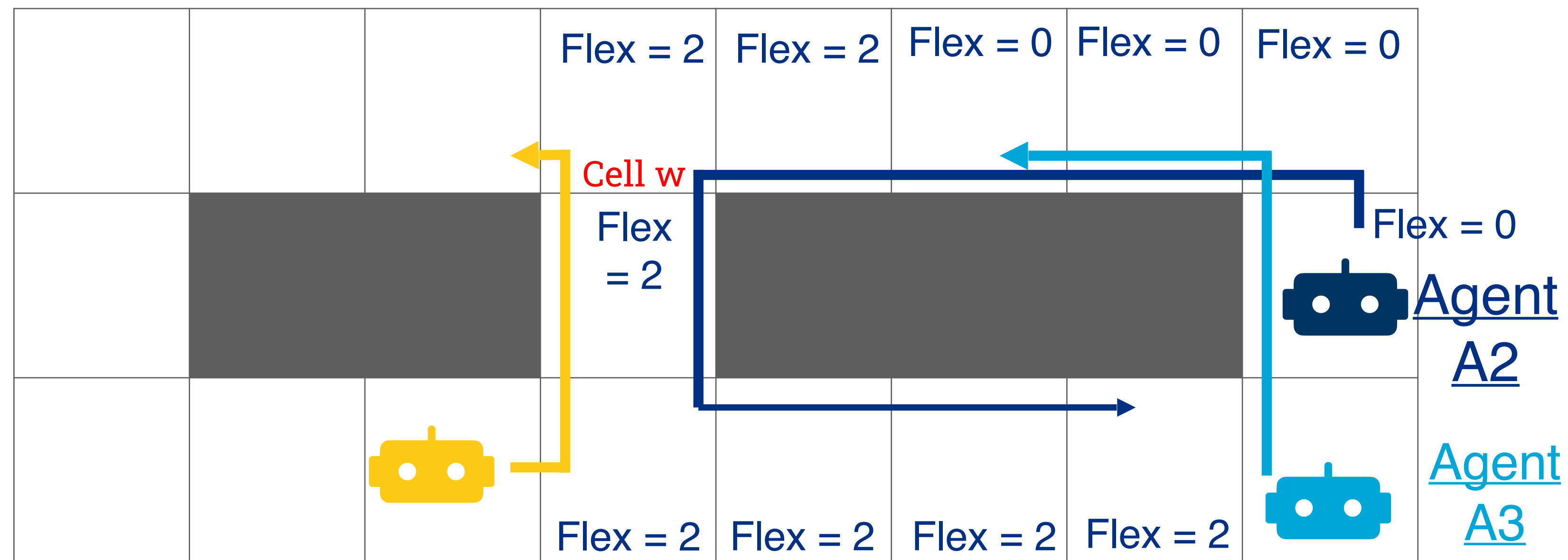


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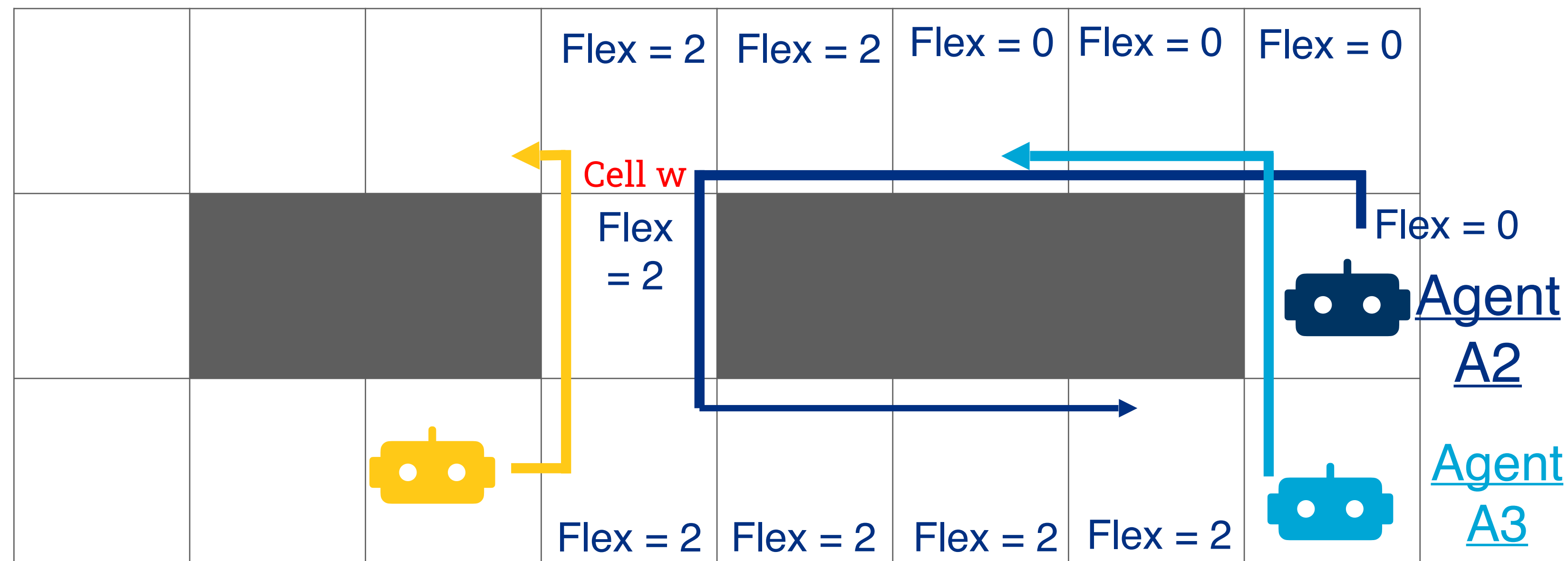
Any-Start-Time Plan



Delayed Agent A1

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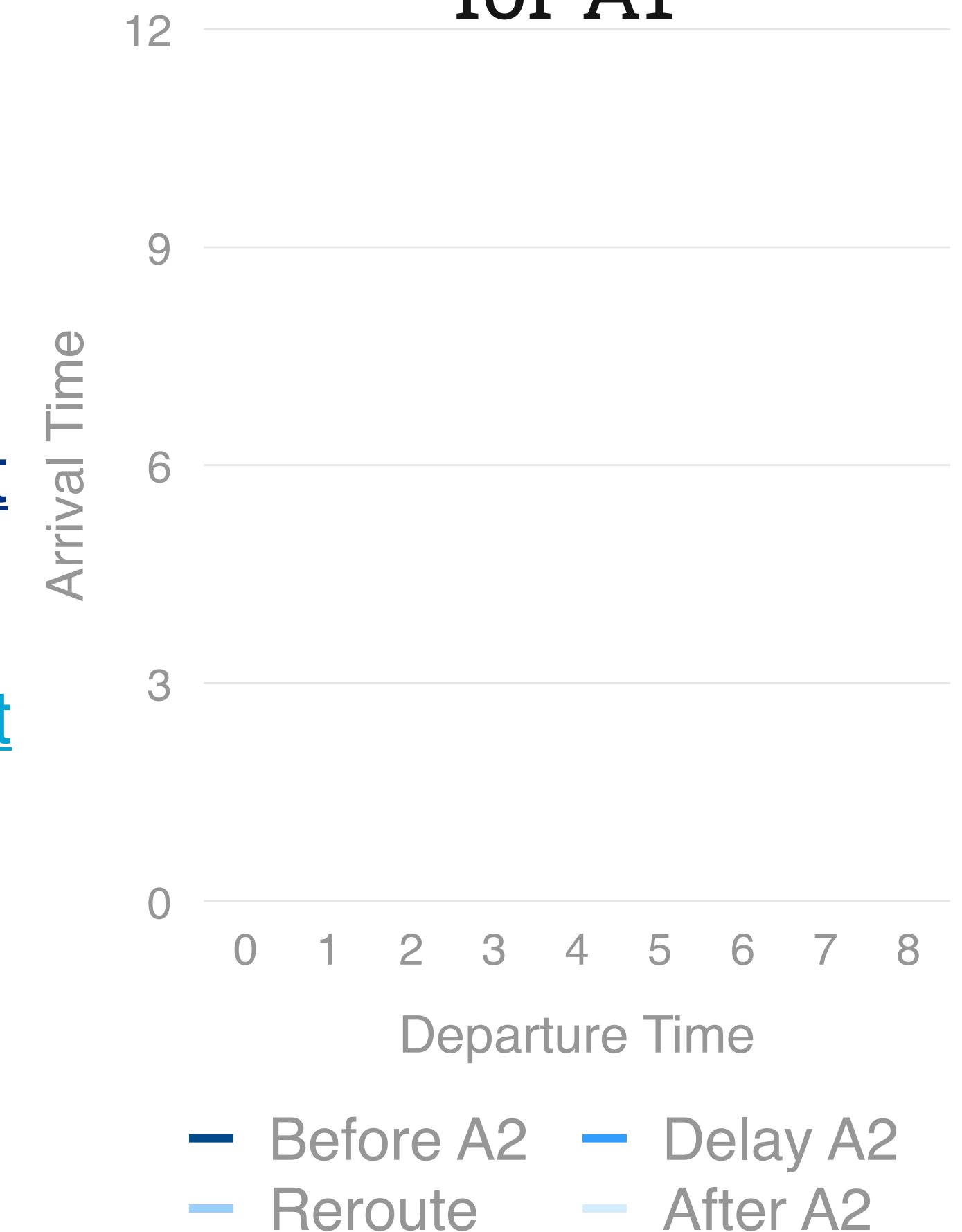
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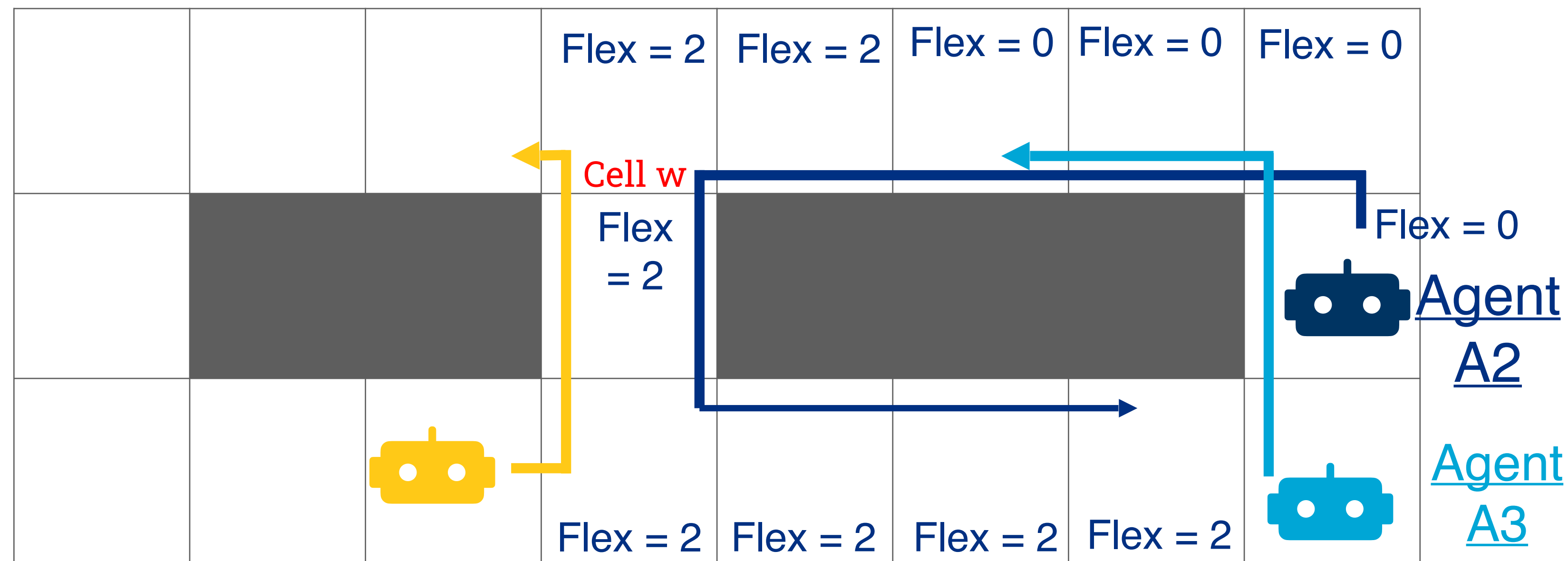
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Path Arrival Time Function for A1



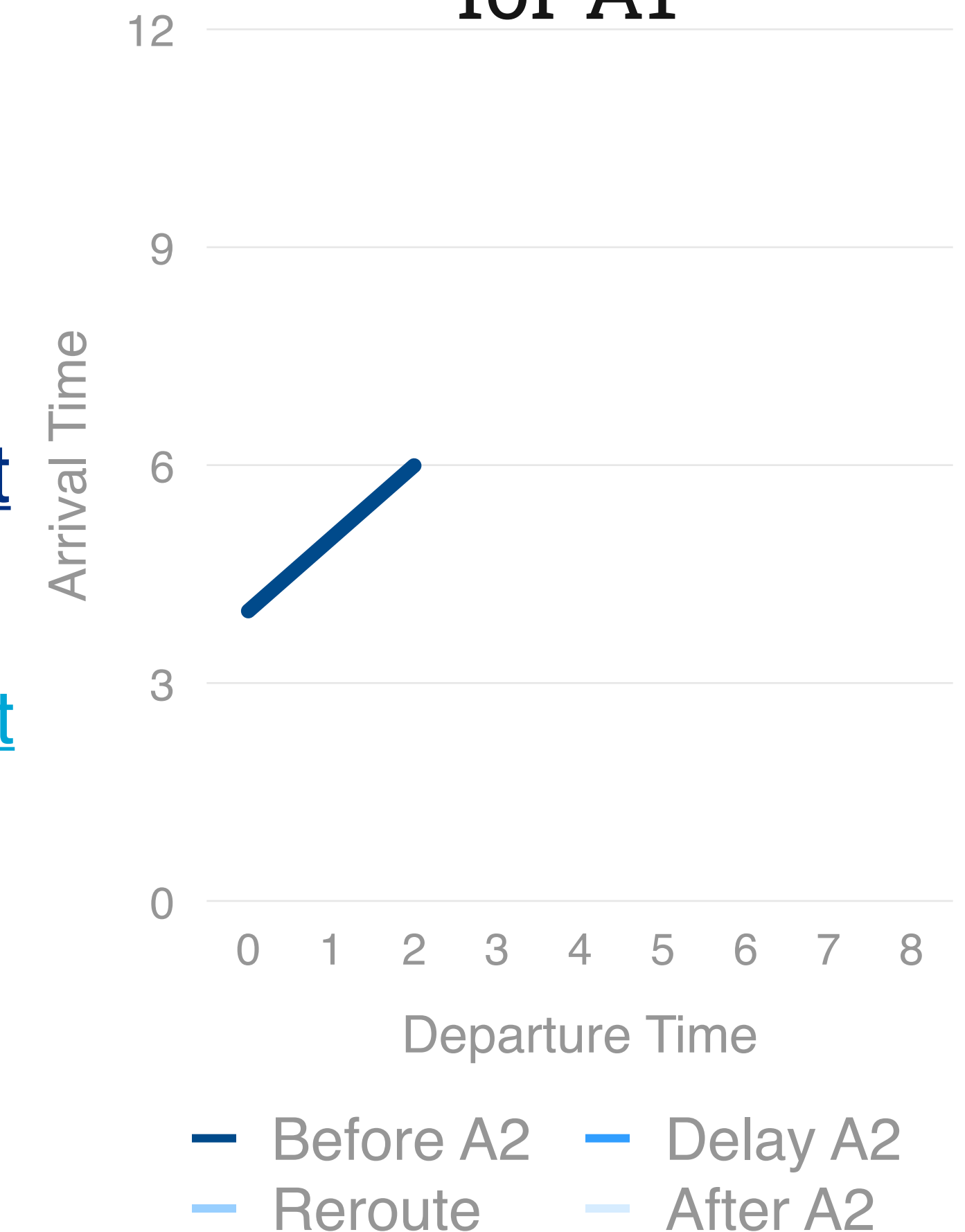
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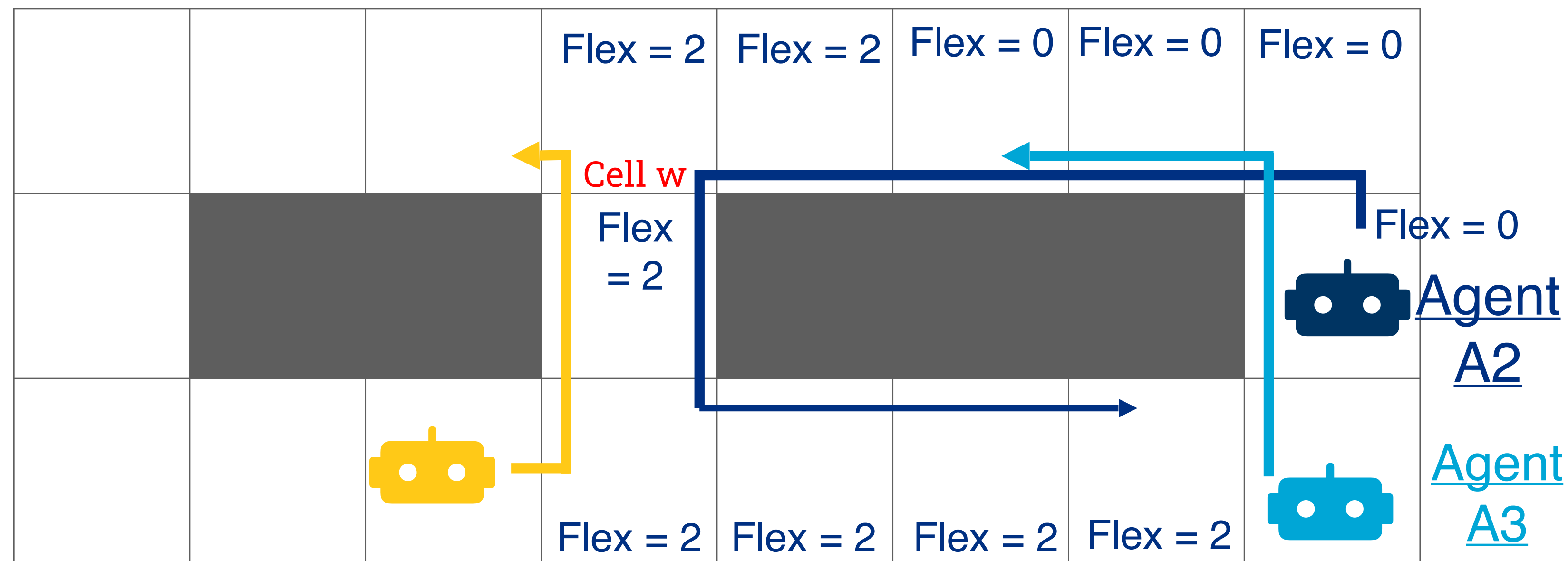
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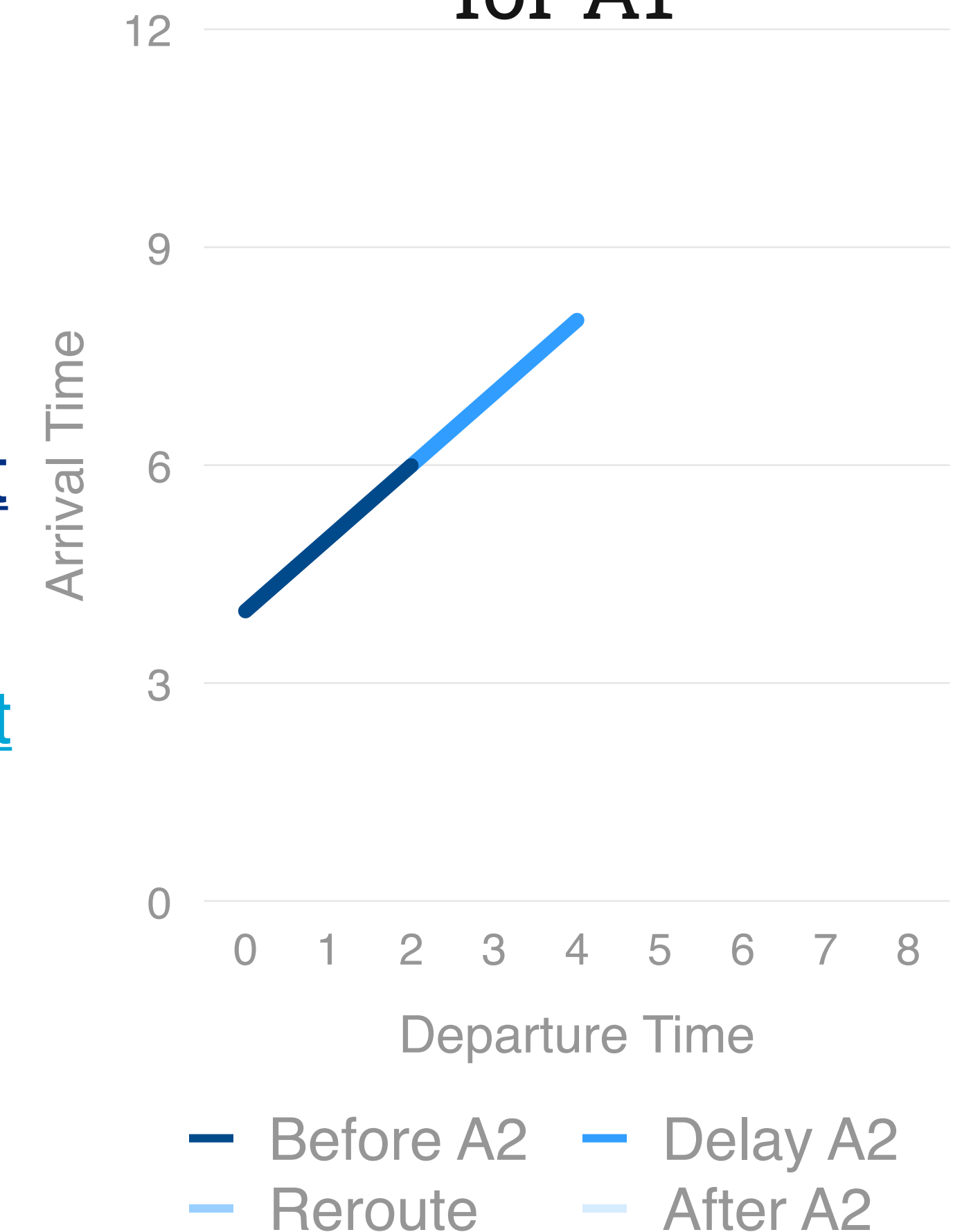
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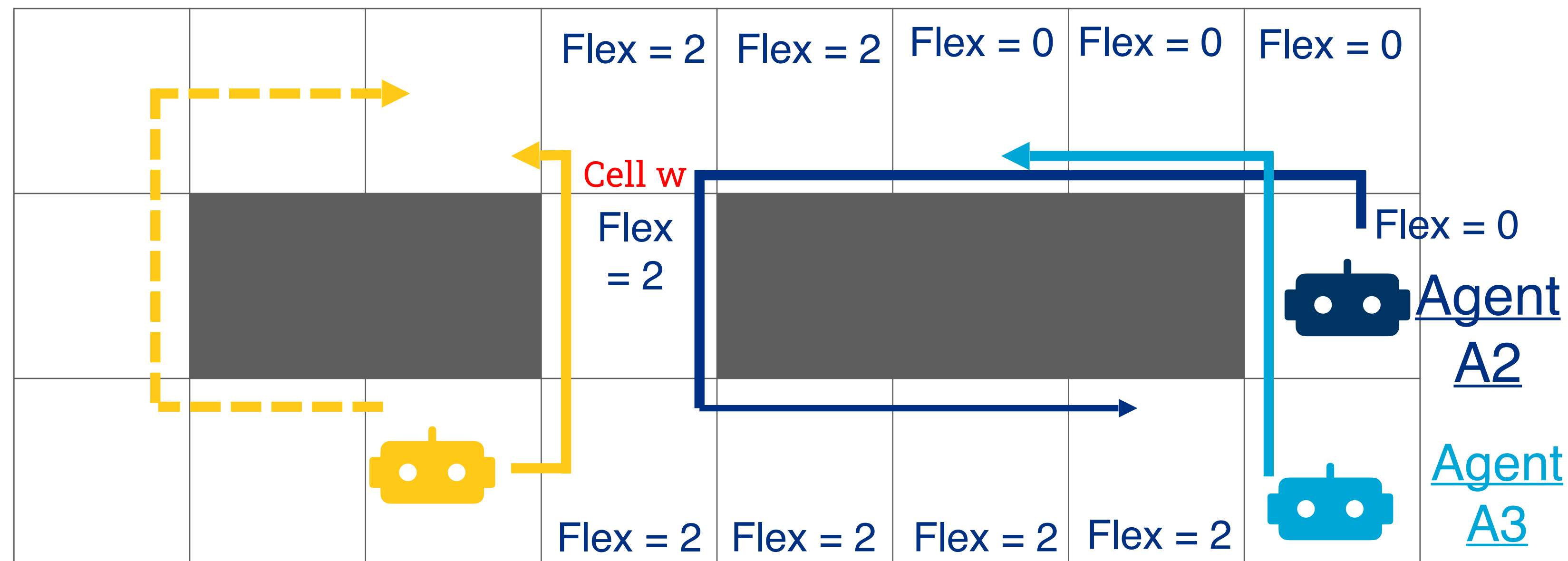
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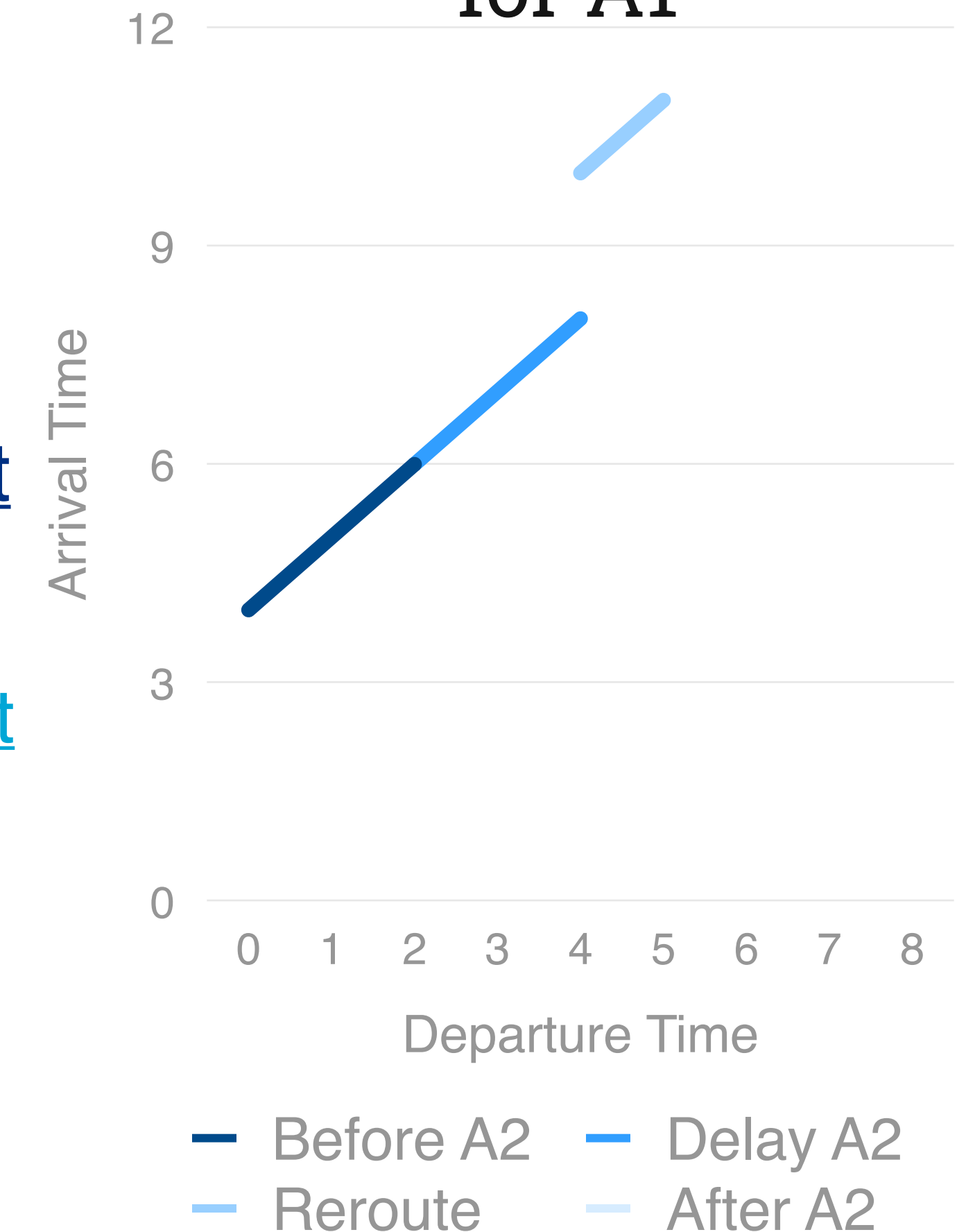
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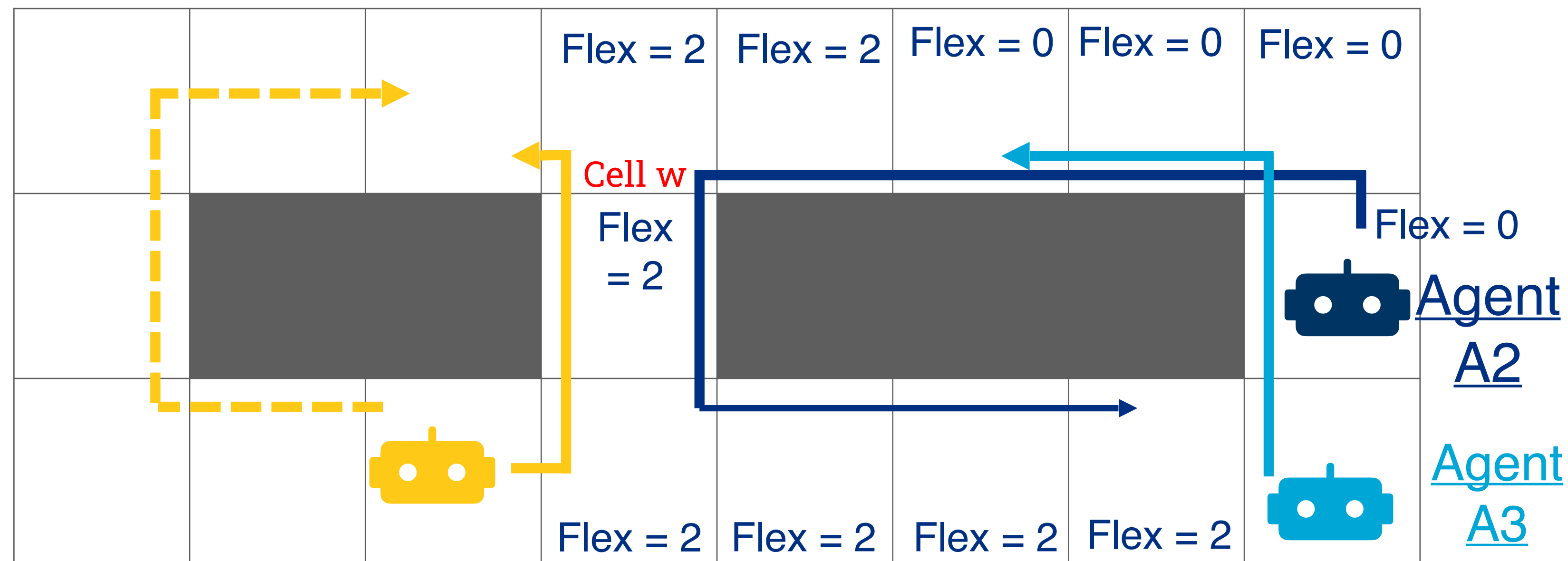
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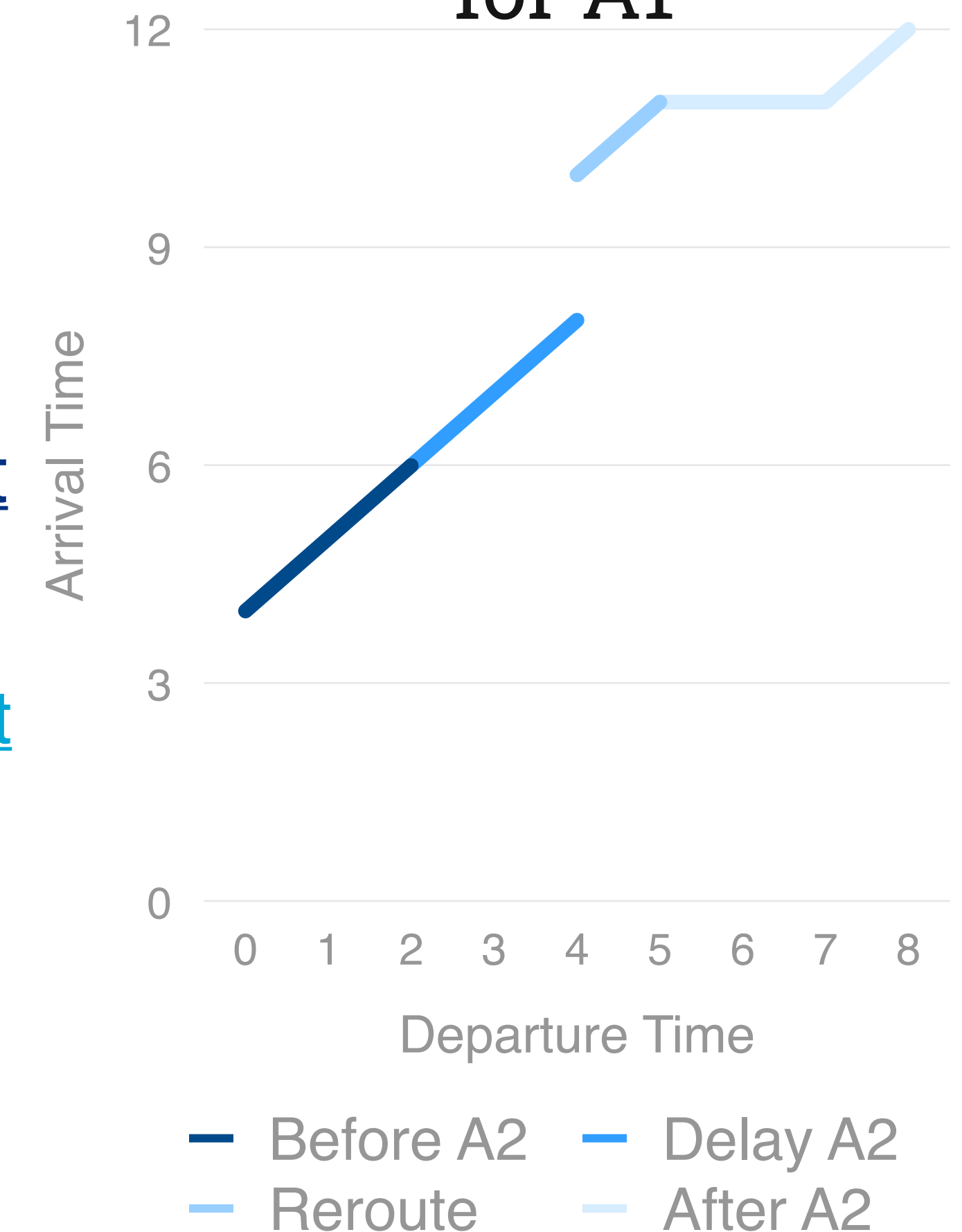
Any-Start-Time Plan



Delayed Agent A1

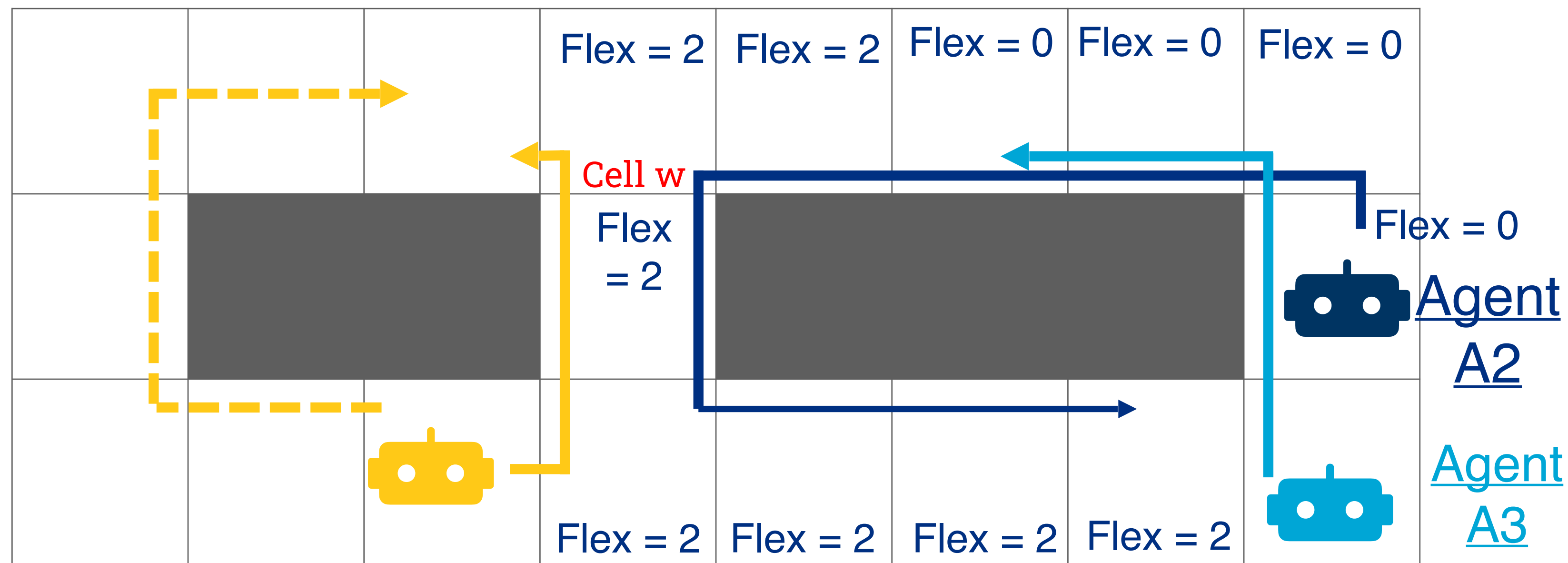
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Path Arrival Time Function for A1



Any-Start-Time Plan

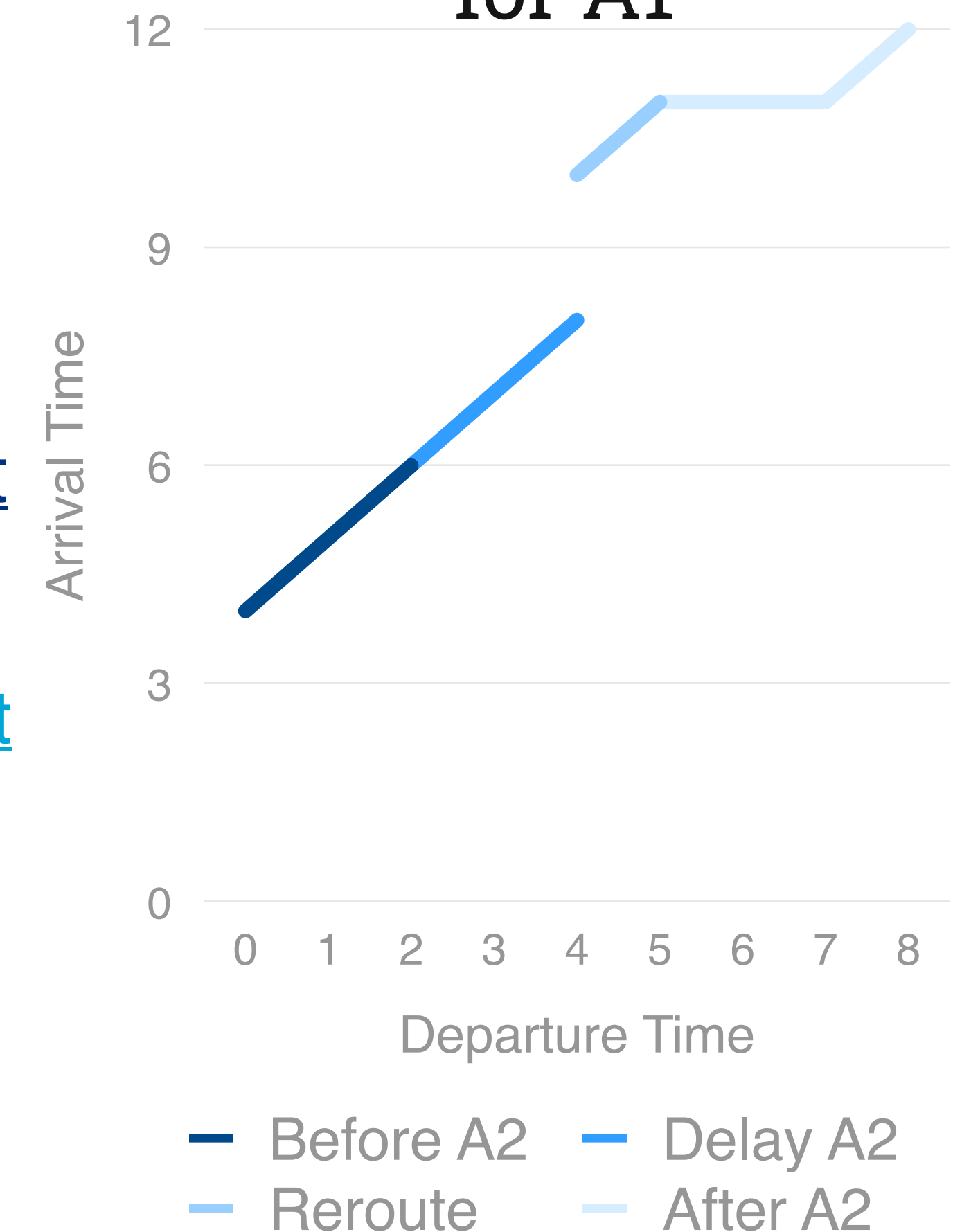
Tipping point is time-location pair where the agent order should change and the other agent should no longer be delayed



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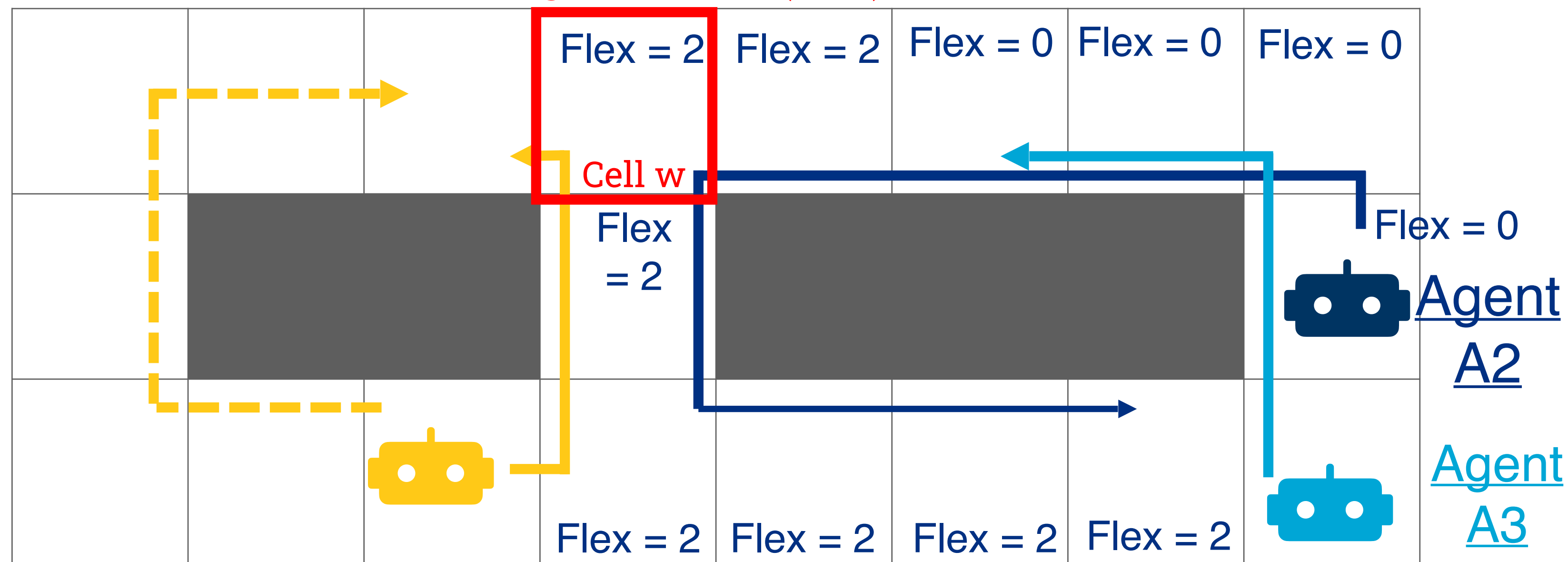
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Any-Start-Time Plan

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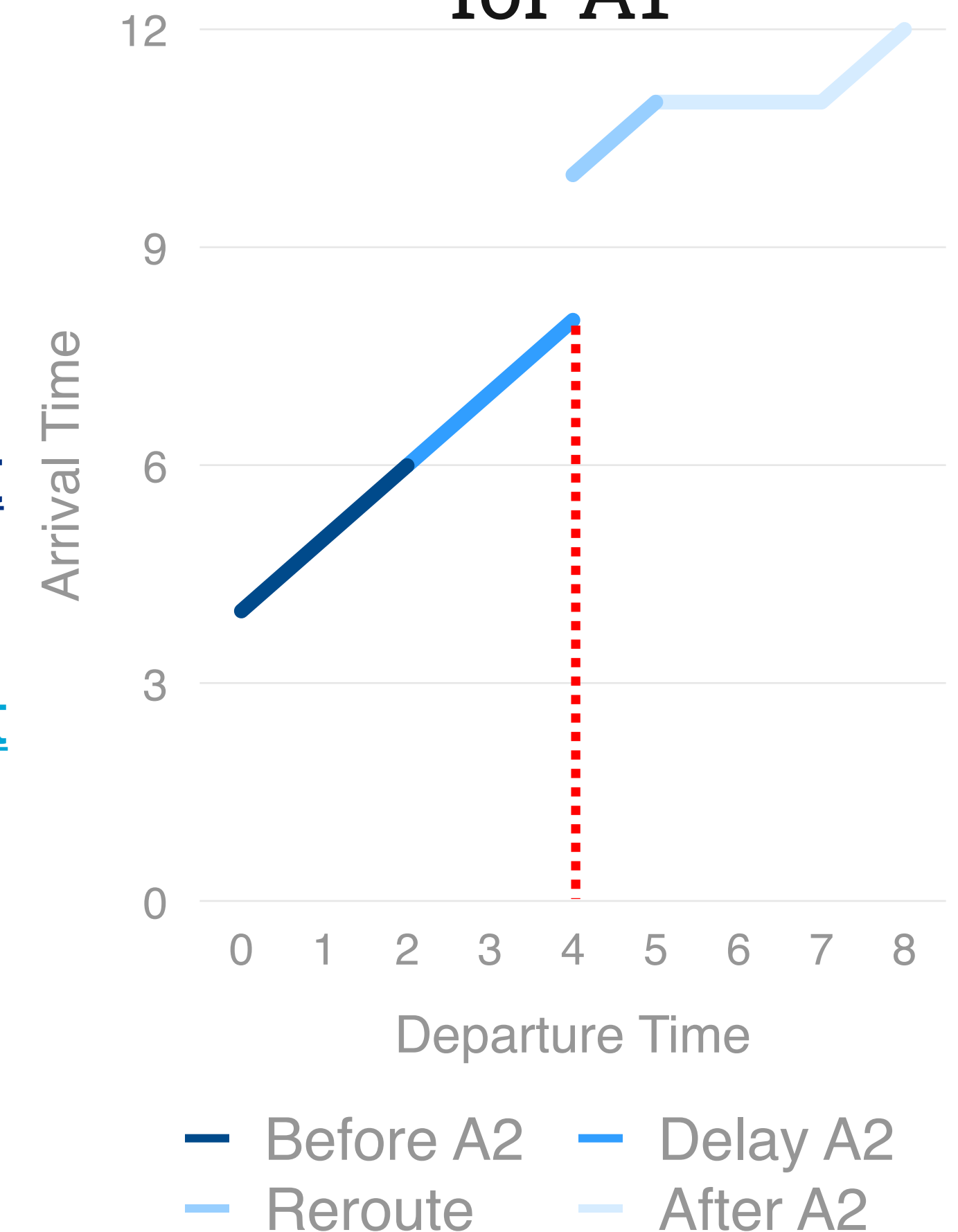
Tipping point at (w,7)



Delayed Agent A1

Agent A2
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Path Arrival Time Function for A1



Experiments

- MovingAI Benchmark set
 - Maze-128-128-1 with 20 and 50 agents
 - Warehouse-20-40-10-2-1 with 50 agents
- Plans computed using PBS
- Introduce artificial flexibility to show effectiveness

1. Compare overall delay @MAEDeR and FlexSIPP

2. Sequentially delay one random agent

Experiment 1: Any-start-time plans

Experiment 1: Any-start-time plans

Map	k	$\mathbb{f}$
maze	20	0
		3
		5
		8
	50	0
		3
		5
		8
ware house	50	0
		3
		5
		8

Experiment 1: Any-start-time plans

Map	k	$\pounds$	Delay
			F / M
maze	20	0	93.4%
		3	93.9%
		5	93.8%
		8	59.9%
	50	0	91.8%
		3	86.1%
		5	93.0%
		8	66.2%
ware house	50	0	100.0%
		3	100.0%
		5	98.1%
		8	102.5%

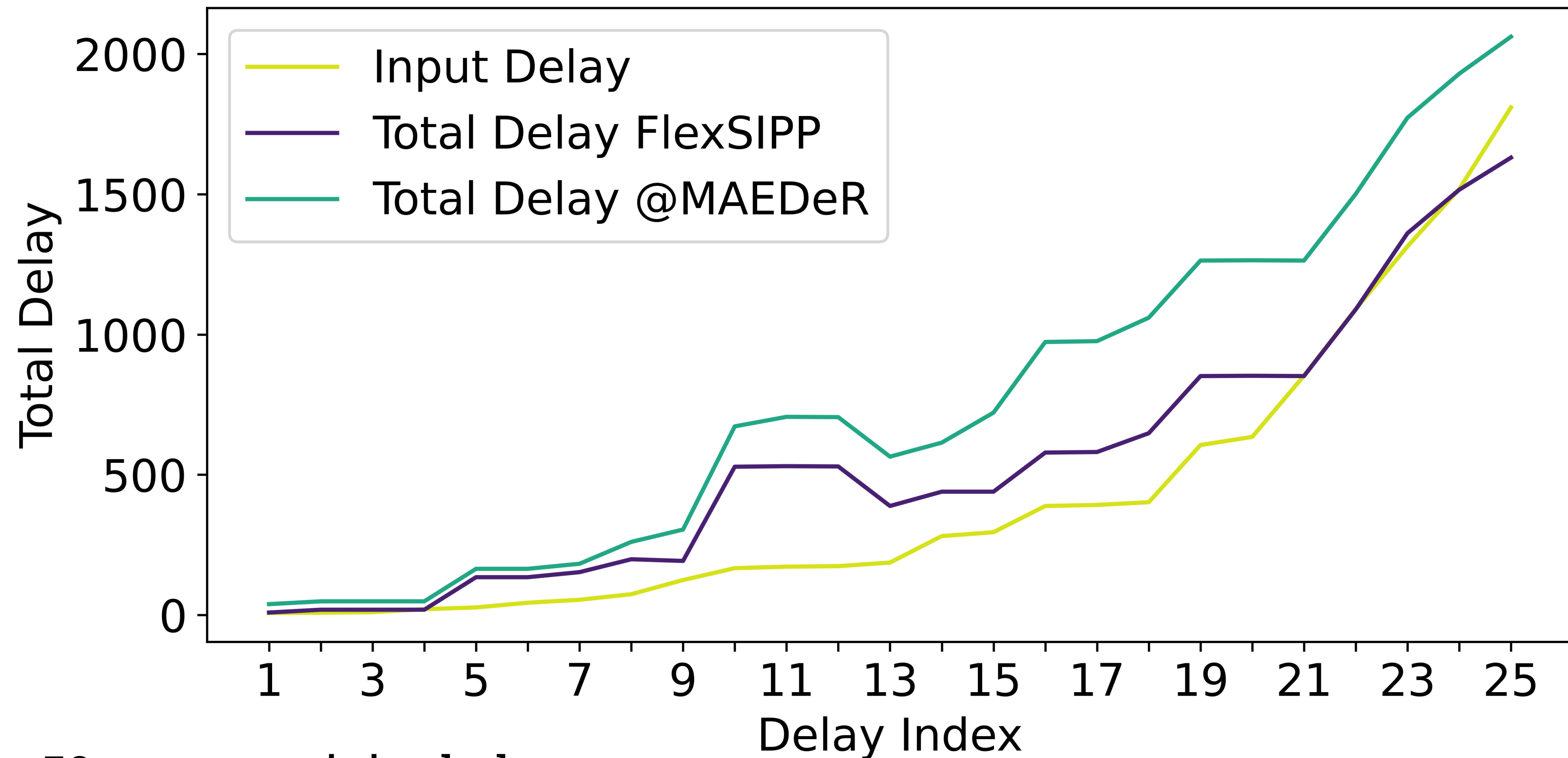
Experiment 1: Any-start-time plans

Map	k	ϵ	Delay	Time (s)	
			F / M	F	M
maze	20	0	93.4%	0.96	0.55
		3	93.9%	1.51	0.81
		5	93.8%	1.06	0.57
		8	59.9%	2.02	0.80
	50	0	91.8%	2.74	1.51
		3	86.1%	3.78	1.77
		5	93.0%	3.31	1.92
		8	66.2%	3.54	1.87
ware house	50	0	100.0%	3.56	3.26
		3	100.0%	4.89	4.13
		5	98.1%	4.69	4.15
		8	102.5%	3.20	2.52

Experiment 1: Any-start-time plans

Map	k	ϵ	Delay	Time (s)		Path Found	
			F / M	F	M	F	M
maze	20	0	93.4%	0.96	0.55	66%	64%
		3	93.9%	1.51	0.81	66%	60%
		5	93.8%	1.06	0.57	73%	70%
		8	59.9%	2.02	0.80	64%	57%
	50	0	91.8%	2.74	1.51	68%	64%
		3	86.1%	3.78	1.77	66%	61%
		5	93.0%	3.31	1.92	57%	52%
		8	66.2%	3.54	1.87	70%	61%
ware house	50	0	100.0%	3.56	3.26	70%	70%
		3	100.0%	4.89	4.13	70%	70%
		5	98.1%	4.69	4.15	53%	53%
		8	102.5%	3.20	2.52	63%	63%

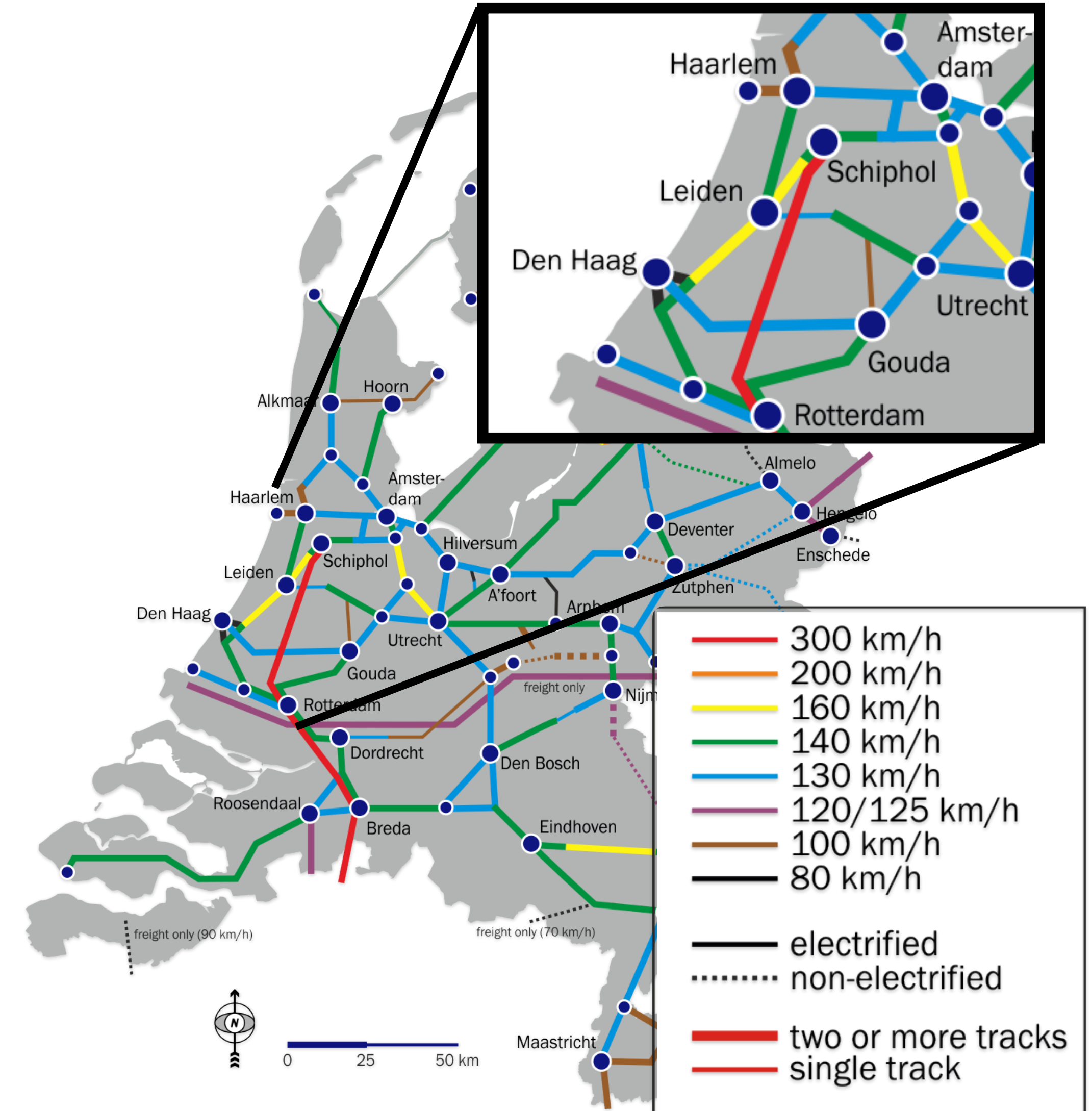
Experiment 2: Sequential Delays



Maze, 50 agents, original plan

Case Study

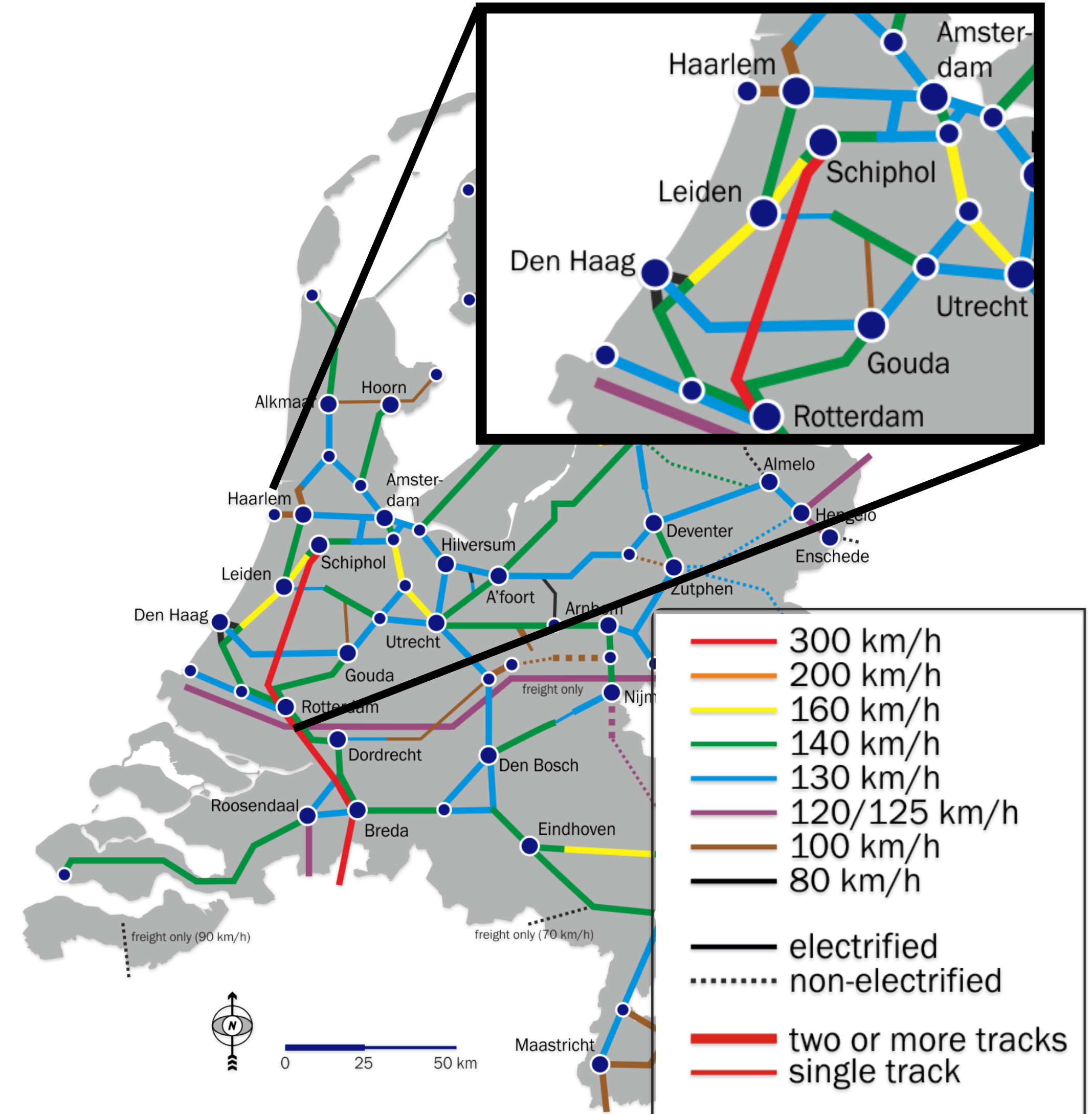
- Real-world timetables from July 2025
- Introduce new Eurostar train on Schiphol-Leiden-Rotterdam trajectory
- (pre)computation time <5min



Case Study

- Real-world timetables from July 2025
- Introduce new Eurostar train on Schiphol-Leiden-Rotterdam trajectory
- (pre)computation time <5min

Train	Location	Delay	Tipping point
64	Leiden	00:00	03:59
32	Hoofddorp	02:07	05:00
20	The Hague	01:39	01:16
	Delft	00:00	05:00
51	The Hague	00:00	05:00
16	Leiden	00:00	05:00
11	Hoofddorp	03:42	04:58
70	Schiedam	00:00	05:00
18	Delft	00:00	05:00



Conclusion

Use inherent flexibility in multi-agent plan to instantly recover safely from delay(s)

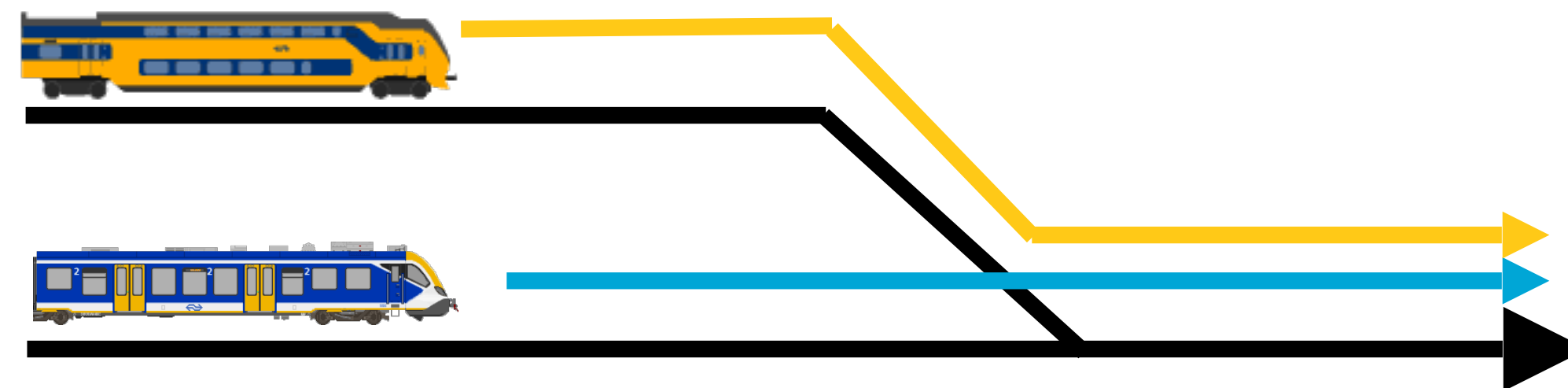
Future Work

- More extensive experiments with railway simulator to define tipping points
- Apply to your multi-agent environment!

Precomputing Multi-Agent Path Replanning Using Temporal Flexibility

Issa Hanou, Eric Kemmeren, Devin Wild Thomas, Mathijs de Weerd

- Use inherent temporal flexibility in plan to recover from single delay
- Compute any-start-time plan with flexibility and rerouting options
- Handle sequential delays and minimize the total delay



[Link to paper](#)